All this is set out in my curriculum vitae which I presume will be included in the record.

Senator Nelson. It will.

(The curriculum vitae relating to Dr. Wynn for inclusion in the record follows:)

CURRICULUM VITAE OF PROF. VICTOR WYNN, MD, MRCP, FRC PATH

Name: Victor Wynn.

Date of birth: October 12, 1920. Melbourne, Australia.

Education: Wesley College, Melbourne, 1930-37; University of Melbourne,

Degrees: MB, BS (Melb.), March 1944; MD (Melb.), 1953; FRC Path. 1966; MRCP, 1966.

Academic Distinction: Nuffield Foundation Travelling Fellowship in Medicine,

1950-1951.

Appointments: House Physician and Surgeon, Royal Melbourne Hospital, 1944-1945; Medical Officer, Australian Army Medical Corps, 1945-48; Research Fellow, National Health and Medical Research Council in Department of Physiology, Melbourne University, 1948-50; Nuffield Fellow in Medicine, St. Mary's Hospital, London, 1950-51; Junior Lecturer in Surgery, Surgical Unit, St. Mary's Hospital, London, 1951-53; Senior Lecturer in Surgery, St. Mary's Hospital, 1953-60 and Hon. Consultant (in Clinical Biochemistry), September 1954-60.

Reader in Human Metabolism, St. Mary's Hospital Medical School, University of London, 1960-1969; Consultant in Human Metabolism, St. Mary's Hospital, 1960-; Civil Consultant in Human Metabolism and Endocrinology, Royal Air Force, 1963-; Civil Consultant in Human Metabolism and Endocrinology, Combined Medical Services of BOAC and BEA, 1966-; Civil Consultant in Human Metabolism and Endocrinology, Air Ministry, 1968; Head of the Alexander Simpson Laboratory for Metabolic Research, St. Mary's Hospital Medical School,

1965-; Professor of Human Metabolism, University of London, 1969. Committees: Medical Research Council, Steroid Sex Hormones Committee, Ministry of Health, Standing Joint Committee on the Classification of Proprietary

Preparations, Section on Metabolism and Diabetes.

Societies: Associations of Physicians of Great Britain and Ireland, 1966; Renal Association; Medical Research Society.

PUBLICATIONS

ELECTROLYTES, BODY WATER AND ACID-BASE METABOLISM

1. The clinical significance of sodium and potassium analyses of biological fluids: their estimation by flame spectrophotometry. (1950). Med. J. Aust.; 812. Wynn, V., Simon, Shirley, Morris, R.J.H., McDonald, I.R. and Denton, D.A.

2. Renal regulation of the extracellular fluid. II. Renal physiology in electrolyte subtraction. (1951). Acta med. Scand. Suppl., 26. Denton, D.A., Wynn, V., McDonald, I.R., Simon, Shirley.

3. Water intoxication. (1954). Lancet, i, 587. Wynn, V. and Rob. C.G.

4. Spontaneous and induced water intoxication in two cases of hypopituitarism. (1955). Brit. Med. J. i, 505. Wynn, V. and Garrod, C.

5. A metabolic study of acute water intoxication in man and dogs. (1955). Clin. Sci., 14, 669. Wynn, V.

6. Water intoxication and serum hypotonicity. (1956). Metabolism, 5, 460. Wynn, V.

7. Variation of plasma electrolyte and total protein levels in the individual. (1956). Brit. Med. J., ii, 582. Fawcett, J. K. and Wynn, V.

8. Water intoxication. (1957). Nutrition, 11, 2. Wynn, V.

9. A method of measuring the pH of body fluid. (1957). Lancet, ii, 1068. Wynn, V. and Ludbrook, J.

10. Observations in man upon the osmotic behavior of the body cells after trauma. (1957). Quart. J. Med., 26, 375. Wynn, V. and Houghton, B. J.

11. The osmotic behaviour of the body cells in man. Significance of changes of plasma electrolyte levels in body fluid disorders. (1957). Lancet, ii, 1212. Wynn, V.