## ANNEX B

Major Questions Involved in Considering the Possible Characteristics\* of a Free Trade Arrangement Involving the United States

## DECISION AREA AND MAJOR QUESTIONS

1. Basic form.

- a. Choice between customs union or free trade area as each is defined in the GATT.
- b. If customs union, method of determining the common external tariff.
- c. If free trade area, method of handling the "origin problem." 2. Geographic scope.

a. Composition of the initial membership.

b. Provisions for the accession of additional new members.

c. Treatment of territories or countries having special trading relationships with member countries, (such as the Commonwealth countries have with the United Kingdom).

d. Whether or not the arrangement should be open-ended to potentially fully participating members, or to linking with estab-

lished free trade arrangements.

e. Whether the arrangement should accept associate members (such as Greece and Turkey with the EEC) with special long-term transitional provisions.

f. Whether and how the arrangement might extend free trade

on a one-way basis to developing countries.

3. Commodity coverage.

- a. Extent of coverage among nonagricultural products (manufactures and industrial raw materials). This could be all inclusive (EEC and EFTA) or under a doctrine of "maximum possible coverage," permitting exemptions (Australia-New Zealand free trade area).
- b. Extent of coverage among agricultural products and close derivatives. If covered, guidelines for common agricultural policies.

c. Handling of nonagricultural products with special situations

(most naturally, petroleum).

d. Various forms of adjustment assistance, seen as an alternative to exemption from commodity coverage of products with acute problems.

4. Economic integration.

a. Purpose: Limited to providing meaningful free trade (EFTA), or undertaken for its own sake, or even to lead to political integration (original EEC purpose, apparently opposed by De Gaulle).

b. Approach to "rules of competition":

Handling of government aids to exports, production, transport, procurement, etc.

Restrictive business practices.

<sup>\*</sup>These decision areas are explored in detail in Lea, op. cit. and "A Possible Plan for a Canada-United States Free Trade Area," op. cit. Choices for some of these questions are given under "Possible Characteristics" in sec. II of this paper.