

year are going to press political decisions much more drastically than anything that has ever happened before.

Mr. KEGAN. That is why we suggest changing the technique of making the model. And that is, get agreement on the population, and get agreement on price changes, and then raise the questions of which do involve all the political choices as to scope and quality. This might be the sputnik year, so to speak, just as this had a tremendous effect on education, so the race riots may have a tremendous effect on the whole government fiscal system. But our method deliberately is designed to highlight this issue, and then to permit you to introduce your value choices, where you want to make the argument.

Representative GRIFFITHS. Mr. Harriss?

Mr. HARRISS. You are going to be under tremendous pressure over the next few months, all of you in Congress, and quite rightly so, growing out of the tragic events of the last few days. I would suggest that we try to think most about the elements of strength in the economy. What are they? How can we build on strength? This approach seems better than to focus upon places where there have been deficiencies. For example, there is high unemployment among Negro youth. But most Negro youth of these age groups are employed. Where are they employed? What is the strength there on which we can build?

We have had huge improvement in housing stock. What is there here that we can make work for us? A general tendency to try to do more through government, through the political process seems "normal," especially among those who come to you. Yet government has not, I think, been the source of the greatest accomplishments; that is, all the things of greatest achievement. Naturally, I do not want to overstate the point. Clearly, I fear, we need to spend more on policing. Here is one of the tragic revelations of the last 2 weeks.

But many of the other programs to which attention is being focused need to be examined very carefully in terms of possible alternatives. Let us not be enamored with the dream world of what it would be nice to be able to accomplish by turning something over to government. Have not some of the failures been in government? How can we do better?

Here is the reality: If anything is done, it must be done by people. Some will be working in government; others are going to be working privately, in business and for philanthropic organizations. One limitation of the educational and other processes is the lack of skills in teaching, the various kinds needed. Dollars can help. But dollars are not the only thing.

Representative GRIFFITHS. I personally feel that the welfare system is built largely on a myth. I think that the social security bill will make an attempt to stop that myth. The idea that every woman should remain at home with her children, and so forth and so on, is ridiculous. It never has been done. I don't know why it should be now. I think we will attempt now to end this. But I think, a new generation willing, people are going to be given an educational opportunity. And from then on they are going to be on their own.

Mr. REUSS, would you like to ask some questions? I appreciate your being here.

Representative REUSS. Perhaps one short question of Mr. Kegan on the excellent CED study on this problem, since the first study "Modernizing Local Government" a year ago.