as such a lease by reason of paragraph (2) (B)), or from a group of tenants (under such leases) who are either members of an affiliated group (as defined in section 1504) or partners, represents more than 10 percent of the total rents derived during the taxable year from such property; or the area of the premises occupied by any one such tenant, or by any such group of tenants, represents at any time during the taxable year more than 10 percent of the total area of the real property rented at such time.

: ... In the application of clause (i), if during the last half of the term of a lease a new lease is made to take effect after the expiration of such lease, way the unexpired portion of such lease on the date the second lease is made shall not be treated as a part of the term of the second lease.

purpose of the services

- [Sec. 514(c)]

 (c) Business Lease Indeptedness.—

 (1) General rule.—The term "business lease indebtedness" means, with respect to any real property leased for a term of more than 5 years, the unpaid amount of-
 - .- (A) the indebtedness incurred by the lessor in acquiring or improving such property;
 - (B) the indebtedness incurred before the acquisition or improvement of such property if such indebtedness would not have been incurred but for such acquisition or improvement; and
 - (C) the indebtedness incurred after the acquisition or improvement of such property if such indebtedness would not have been incurred but for such acquisition or improvement and the incurrence of such indebtedness was reasonably foreseeable at the time of such acquisition or improvement.
- (2) Property acquired subject to mortgage, etc.—Where real property is acquired subject to a mortgage or other similar lien, the amount of the indebtedness secured by such mortgage or other similar lien, the amount of the indebtedness secured by such mortgage or lien shall be considered (whether the acquisition was by gift, devise, or purchase) as an indebtedness of the lessor incurred in acquiring such property even though the lessor did not assume or agree to pay such indebtedness, except that where real property was acquired by gift, bequest, or devise before July 1, 1950, subject to a mortgage or other similar lien, the amount of such mortgage or other similar lien shall not be considered as an indebtedness of the lessor incurred in acquiring such property.
- (3) CERTAIN PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY GIFT, ETC.—Where real property was acquired by gift, bequest, or devise before July 1, 1950, subject to a lease requiring improvements in such property on the happening of stated contingencies, indebtedness incurred in improving such property in accordance with the terms of such lease shall not be considered as an indebtedness for purposes of this subsection.
- (4) CERTAIN CORPORATIONS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 501 (c) (2).—In the case of (4) CERTAIN CORTORATIONS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 501 (c) (2).—In the case of a corporation described in section 501 (c) (2), all of the stock of which was acquired before July 1, 1950, by an organization described in paragraph (3), (5), or (6) of section 501 (c) (and more than one-third of such stock was acquired by such organization by gift or bequest), any indebtedness incurred by such corporation before July 1, 1950, and any indebtedness incurred by such corporation on or after such date in improving real property in the second erty in accordance with the terms of a lease entered into before such date, shall not be considered as an indebtedness with respect to such corporation or such organization for purposes of this subsection.
- (5) CERTAIN TRUSTS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 401 (a).—In the case of a trust described in section 401 (a), or in the case of a corporation described in