181.16. Voting. (1) The right of the members, or any class or classes of members, to vote may be limited, enlarged or denied to the extent specified in the articles of incorporation or in the by-laws if the articles so provide. Unless so limited, enlarged or denied, each member, regardless of class, shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of members.

(2) A member may vote in person, or unless the articles of incorporation or by-laws provide otherwise, may vote by proxy executed in writing by the member or by his duly authorized attorney-in-fact. No proxy shall be valid after 11 months from the date of its execution, unless otherwise provided in the proxy. Where directors or officers are to be elected by members, the by-laws may provide that such elections may be conducted by

(3) A corporate member's vote may be east by the president of the member corporation, or by any other officer or proxy appointed by the president of such corporation, in the absence of express notice of the designation of some other person by the board of directors or by-laws of the member corporation.

181.18 Board of directors. The affairs of a corporation shall be managed by a board of directors. Directors need not be residents of this state or members of the corporation unless the articles of incorporation or by-laws so require. The by-laws may prescribe other qualifications for directors.

181.19 Directors' authority to establish compensation. Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or by-laws, the board of directors, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, and irrespective of any personal interest of any of its members, shall have authority to establish reasonable compensation of all directors for services to the corporation as directors, officers or otherwise, or to delegate such authority to an appropriate committee. The board of directors also shall have authority to provide for or to delegate authority to an appropriate committee to provide for reasonable pensions, disability or death benefits, and other benefits or payments, to directors, officers and employes and to their estates, families, dependents or beneficiaries on account of prior services rendered by such directors, officers and employes to the corporation.

181.20 Number and election of directors. (1) The number of directors of a corporation shall not be less than 3. Subject to such limitation, the number of directors shall be fixed by the articles of incorporation, or, if the articles of incorporation so provide, by the by-laws.

(2) The directors constituting the first board of directors shall be nemed in the articles of incorporation and shall hold office until the first annual election of directors or for such other period as may be specified in the articles of incorporation or the by-laws. Thereafter, directors shall be elected or appointed in the manner and for terms provided in the articles of incorporation or the by-laws. In the absence of a provision fixing the term of office, the term of office of a director shall be one year.

(3) Directors may be divided into classes and the terms of office of the several classes need not be uniform. Each director shall hold office for the term for which he is elected or appointed and until his successor shall have been elected or appointed and qualified.

(4) A director may be removed from office for cause, or for any reason provided in the articles of incorporation or by-laws. The articles of incorporation or by-laws may provide the procedure for any such removal.

<sup>181.25</sup> Officers. (1) The officers of a corporation shall consist of a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary, a treasurer and such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary, each of whom shall be elected or appointed at such time and in such manner and for such terms not exceeding 3 years as may be prescribed in the