changed the name of the Department, setting it up as a Resources

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will, and Corps of Engineers law, and of water priorities, or costing practices, of engineering and planning practices, that come out of both statute and tradition. Most of these differences could only be eliminated through statutory changes which we would favor, but which would be very difficult, as you can appreciate, to work out.

Senator Moss. It really comes along, though, all the time, does it

The Corps of Engineers was first given the job of pulling snags out of the Ohio and the Mississippi Rivers and that was generally its functions. Now, it has evolved and grown to where it not only has navigation and flood control but now water supply, recreation as we were talking about. It is in the full scale water resource area now.

Now, the Bureau of Reclamation started out just to get some water on the arid lands out West where they need some irrigation water, and it, too, is in water supply to municipalities and recreation functions, and all these other things. And so the evolution has been that these two particularly—we happen to be talking about water right now, and we could put in soil conservation and some others—have grown up into this whole general field to where they are doing the a problem. The habits as well as the statutes of the past are not once easily resolved.

As we have tried to recognize, certainly in terms of clarifying lines of authority, single departmental leadership would be helpful, but there would remain a whole panorama of problems arising from

Mr. Hughes. That is a tough question, Senator. Let me say this: I think that a name change should best be saved to accompany some change in the character of the organization itself. The name, "Department of the Interior," with all the problems that name has—and the Secretary vividly described at least one type of problem—has been