

Class C* (fish and wildlife, recreation)—same as Class B.

Class D (navigation, power, cooling water)—No increase except where the increase will not exceed the recommended limits on the most sensitive water use and in no case exceed 90° F.

Class SA (shellfishing)—no increase over the recommended limits for the most sensitive use.

Class SB (bathing, restricted shellfishing)—same.

Class SC (shellfish habitat)—same.

Class SD (navigation)—same.

MISSOURI

Effluents shall not elevate or depress the average cross-sectional temperature of the stream more than 5° F. The stream temperature shall not exceed 90° F. due to effluents.

Lakes and Reservoirs—temperature not to be increased due to cooling water discharge.

(Exceptions include: Des Moines, White, Current, and Eleven Point Rivers.)

LOUISIANA

Not to be raised more than 3° C. above normal ambient water temperature, nor to exceed a maximum of 36° C.

A few rivers—2° C. rise, 35° C. maximum.

ALABAMA

Public Water Supply—ambient temperature not to rise more than 10 percent after reasonable mixing from effluents, nor shall temperature exceed 93° F. except for 8 hours during a 24-hour period with a normal maximum of 90° F.

Total body contact—same as PWS.

Agricultural and Industrial Supply—same as PWS.

Navigation—no criteria.

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Class A (preservation of natural phenomena)—no change.

Class B (bathing, marine life propagation)—not to exceed 90° F at any time nor as a result of waste discharges to be more than 4° F above natural during fall, winter, and spring, nor 1.5° F above during summer.

Class C (harbors)—no criteria.

TENNESSEE

Domestic Water Supply—the temperature of the water shall not exceed 93° F and the maximum rate of change shall not exceed 3° F per hour. In no case shall the maximum temperature rise be more than 10° F above the stream temperature which shall be measured at an upstream control point.

Industrial Water Supply—same.

Recreation—same.

Stock Watering—no increase to impair assigned use.

Navigation—no increase to impair assigned use.

OKLAHOMA

Differential changes in temperature from other than natural sources shall be limited to a maximum of 5° F provided the maximum temperature due to man-made causes shall not exceed 70° F in trout streams, 75° F in small-mouth bass streams, or 93° F in warm water streams.

CONNECTICUT

Class A (water supply)—no increase other than from natural origin.

Class B (bathing, all uses except untreated PWS)—no increase to exceed recommended limits on most sensitive water use, and in no case to exceed 4° F over natural with a maximum of 85° F.

Class C (fish and wildlife)—same as Class B.

Class D (navigation, power, cooling water)—same as Class B.

Class SA (shellfishing)—same as Class B.

Class SB (restricted shellfishing, bathing)—same as Class B.

Class SC (shellfish habitat)—same as Class B.

Class SD (navigation)—same as Class B.