and by providing support for training of public employees; to permit temporary assignments of personnel between Federal and State and local governments; and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Intergovernmental Manpower Act of 1967."

### GENERAL DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 2. The Congress hereby finds and declares a national interest in-

(1) improving the quality of public administration at all levels of government, particularly in connection with programs that are financed in whole or in part from Federal appropriations;

(2) strengthening the capacity of State and local governments to deal with

complex problems confronting all levels of government;

(3) aiding State and local governments in training their professional,

administrative, and technical employees and officials;

(4) aiding State and local governments in developing systems of personnel management that are responsible to the goals and needs of their programs, effective in attracting and retaining capable employees, and based on merit

principles; and (5) facilitating temporary assignments of personnel between levels of

government.

Sec. 3. The authorities provided by this Act shall be administered in such manner as to recognize fully the rights, powers, and responsibilities of State and local governments.

# TITLE I—TRAINING AND DEVELOPING STATE AND LOCAL EMPLOYEES

#### DECLARATION OF PURPOSE

Sec. 101. The purpose of this title is to strengthen the training and development of State and local government employees and officials, particularly in professional, administrative, and technical fields.

#### ADMISSION TO FEDERAL EMPLOYEE TRAINING PROGRAMS

Sec. 102. (a) In accordance with such conditions as may be prescribed by the head of the Federal agency concerned, a Federal agency may admit State and local government employees and officials to agency training programs established for Federal professional, administrative, or technical personnel.

(b) Federal agencies are authorized to receive payments from, or on behalf of, State and local governments for the costs of training provided under this section, and to enter into agreements with them for this purpose. The head of the Federal agency concerned may waive all or part of such payments. Payments received by the Federal agency concerned for training under this section shall be credited to the appropriation or fund used for paying the training costs.

(c) The Commission may use appropriations authorized by this Act to pay the additional developmental or overhead costs that are incurred by reason of admittance of State and local government employees to Federal training courses

and to reimburse other Federal agencies for such costs.

## TRAINING OF PERSONNEL ENGAGED IN GRANT-IN-AID PROGRAMS

Sec. 103. (a) Any Federal agency administering a program of grants or finan-

cial assistence to State or local governments may

(1) establish, provide, and conduct training programs for State and local employees and officials who have responsibilities related to the federally aided program, and, to the same extent provided in section 102(b) of this Act, receive or waive payments for such training and credit any such payments to the appropriation or fund used for paying the training costs; and (2) authorize State and local governments, from the grants or financial

assistance when so provided in appropriation or other acts, to establish, conduct, provide, and support training and education programs for their employees and officials who have responsibilities related to the federally aided program, including internship, work-study, fellowship, and similar programs