such funds made to such person before he became a graduate or professional student), or \$5,000 in the case of any other student;" and

Whereas due to the ever increasing costs of higher education at both public

and private institutions; and

Whereas institutional directors of financial aid are finding it increasingly difficult to provide sufficient sources and amounts of funds to "package" and meet the ever increasing assistance required by students to meet their educational

costs: Therefore be it

Resolved, (a) that Section 205(a) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 be amended to provide a maximum loan of \$1,500 per academic year or its equivalent at the undergraduate level to an aggregate maximum of \$7,500 for the undergraduate program; and (b) that the maximum loan of \$2,500 per year or its equivalent for graduate or professional students be retained, but that the aggregate total for both the undergraduate and graduate programs be increased to \$12,500.

(Rejected by FASFAA and was not submitted to SASFAA)

II. Section 1001(f)(1) and Section 1001(f)(3)—Loyalty Oath

Whereas section 1001(f)(1) provides that no part of any funds appropriated or otherwise made available for expenditure under the authority of this Act shall be used to make payments or loans to any individual unless such individual has taken and subscribed to an oath or affirmation in the following form: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America and will support and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States against all its enemies, foreign and domestic;" and

Whereas section 1001(f)(3) provides that the provisions of Section 1001 of Title 18, United States Code, shall be applicable with respect to the oath or affirmation required under the paragraph above. (This is a part of the Federal Criminal Code relating to any person making a fraudulent representation to the

Government.); and

Whereas it has been determined that these sections of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 are meaningless and serve no realistic purpose; and

Whereas it has been determined that if a person actively or otherwise advocated non-support of the United States, that he or she could care less what they signed realizing full well the question of constitutionality of such a requirement; and

Whereas this program of long-term, low interest rate, student loans is basically a legal and binding obligation on the part of a student to repay monies borrowed for educational purposes and should therefore be recognized in that context;

Whereas this requirement is not consistent with other federal governmental lending practices and is therefore discriminating against students: Therefore he it

Resolved: That Section 1001(f) (1) and (f) (3) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 be deleted, thereby (a) eliminating a discriminatory provision of the Act; and (b) eliminating a meaningless provision which is also unrealistic.

(Passed by FASFAA & SASFAA)

The Committee on Federal Financial Aid Programs of the Florida Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators (F.A.S.F.A.A.) recommends that the following resolutions, affecting the College Work-Study program provided for under Title I, Part C of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, as amended by the Economic Opportunity Amendments of 1965, and the Higher Education Act of 1965, be adopted and forwarded to the Southern Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators (S.A.S.F.A.A.) for their review and adoption.

I. Section 124(f) as amended—Federal-Institutional Matching Ratios

Whereas section 124(f) as amended now provides that the federal-institutional matching ratios drop from 85-15 to 80-20 on August 20, 1968, and to 75-25 on August 20, 1969; and

Whereas due to the magnitude of the work-study programs, most institutions of higher education (both public and private) are experiencing difficulty in providing the ever increasing burden of the insitutional matching portion: Be it therefore