

A study of OECD data for the first 6 months of 1967, given in physical units (metric tons), corroborates the above information. See Appendix Tables K and L.

The United States, the United Kingdom, Belgium, France, Germany, and Japan exported a total of 189,454 metric tons of sheet glass during the first 6 months of 1967, with each country supplying the following proportions:

|                |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| UNITED STATES  | ----- | 1.5%  |
| UNITED KINGDOM | ----- | 11.0% |
| BELGIUM        | ----- | 43.8% |
| FRANCE         | ----- | 9.9%  |
| GERMANY        | ----- | 23.4% |
| JAPAN          | ----- | 10.3% |

In plate and float glass, these 6 countries during the first 6 months of 1967 exported 147,700 metric tons of product. Each country accounted for the following share of this total:

|                |       |       |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| UNITED STATES  | ----- | 13.5% |
| UNITED KINGDOM | ----- | 19.4% |
| BELGIUM        | ----- | 25.3% |
| FRANCE         | ----- | 17.0% |
| GERMANY        | ----- | 11.6% |
| JAPAN          | ----- | 13.2% |

Of the U. S. exports, 72% were destined to Canada, without which the U. S. share of world exports of plate and float glass was 4.1%.

In addition, the average unit value (dollars per metric ton) of U. S. flat glass in the export trade is shown by the OECD data to be considerably above that of the other producers, a further indication of the inability of the U. S. industry to compete to any significant degree in the world market for flat glass.