

Specialization Ratios*, Different Branches of Apparel
(knit and woven) Industry, United States, 1963

Men's and Boys' Suits and Coats	92 %
Men's Dress Shirts and Nightwear	85 %
Men's and Boys' Underwear	89 %
Men's and Boys' Neckwear	98 %
Separate Trousers	83 %
Work Clothing	81 %
Men's and Boys' Clothing, n.e.c.	83 %
Women's Blouses	86 %
Women's Dresses	96 %
Women's Suits, Coats and Skirts	88 %
Women's Outerwear, n.e.c.	80 %
Women's and Children's Underwear	93 %
Corsets and Allied Garments	95 %
Children's Dresses	90 %
Children's Coats	92 %
Children's Outerwear, n.e.c.	79 %
Fabric Dress and Work Gloves	94 %
Robes and Dressing Gowns	96 %
Waterproof Outergarments	92 %
Leather and Sheeplined Clothing	97 %
Apparel Belts	91 %
Apparel, n.e.c.	93 %
Schiffli Machine Embroideries	96 %
Pleating and Stitching	98 %
Knit Outerwear Mills	92 %
Knit Underwear Mills	89 %
Knitting Mills, n.e.c.	93 %
Fabricated Rubber Products, n.e.c.	86 %
Leather Gloves	81 %
Artificial Flowers	97 %

* The specialization ratio compares the given industry's value of shipments or production of its primary products to its total value of shipments or production of products.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census