

encountered by domestic industry in the administration of the Antidumping Act. As a service to the Committee and in the hope that discussion of these problems will lead to some administrative reform if not positive legislation, we offer as Exhibit 3 to this statement a detailed discussion of the many problems which currently exist in the administration of the Antidumping Act. The help of the Committee in achieving a correction of these problems is earnestly solicited.

IX. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

The manufacture of consumer electronic products and of electronic components is carried on in 42 of the 50 States of the Union. (See Appendix Table IV ranking the States in order of importance by size of employment in the manufacture of these electronic products.) The loss of employment in these electronic industries has a widespread effect on workers and their communities throughout the United States.

The degree of market penetration by imports and the rate of increase of imports are so great that prompt remedial action is required by direction of the Congress. We urge that this action be in the form of the enactment of equitable import controls affording fair access to both domestic and foreign-produced electronic products commensurate with the future growth of the American market, in the manner set forth in H. R. 14597 and similar bills, or the Collier bill, H. R. 17674.

In addition, the widespread dumping of electronic products in the United States market calls for prompt reform of ineffective