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## TABLE 2.—U.S. MANUFACTURERS SALES

## [Dollar amounts in billions]

|                                  | 1954    | 1967    | Percent increase |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|------------------|
| Durable goods industries         | \$141.9 | \$277.5 | 95. 6            |
| Nondurable goods industries      | 138.3   | 259. 5  | 87. 6            |
| Stone, clay, and glass products  | 7.4     | 11.8    | 59. 5            |
| Primary metals                   | 23. 9   | 42.6    | 78. 2            |
| (Blast furnaces, steel mills)    | (13. 2) | (22. 2) | (68. 2)          |
| Fabricated metal products        | 15. 4   | 25.7    | 66. 9            |
| Machinery, except electrical     | 18.8    | 43. 1   | 129. 3           |
| Electrical machinery             | 16. 2   | 40. 9   | 152.5            |
| Transportation equipment         | 37. 2   | 73.0    | 96. 2            |
| (Motor vehicles and parts)       | (21.8)  | (42, 2) | (93. 6)          |
| Instruments and related products | 3.6     | 10.7    | 197. 2           |
| Food and kindred products        | 50.6    | 92. 4   | 82. 6            |
| lobacco products                 | 3, 4    | 5. 1    | 50, 0            |
| lextile mill products            | 11.6    | 19. 2   | 65. 5            |
| Paper and allied products        | 10.5    | 22. 5   | 114.3            |
| Chemicals and allied products    | 17. 9   | 40. 1   | 124. 0           |
| Petroleum and coal products      | 13. 1   | 21.3    | 65. 6            |
| Rubber and plastics products     | 5. 1    | 13.3    | 160.8            |

Source: Statistics for 1954 from Business Statistics: 1967, 16th Biennial Edition, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, pp. 24-45. Statistics for 1967 from Survey of Current Business, May 1968, p. S-5.

TABLE 3.—IMPORTS BY DOMESTIC WATCH MANUFACTURERS VERSUS IMPORTS BY OTHER IMPORTER-ASSEMBLERS [In units]

|     | Dutiable imports<br>by U.S. watch<br>manufacturers | Duitable imports<br>by other importer-<br>assemblers |
|-----|--|--|
| 953 | 1, 925, 000  | 9, 950, 000  |
| 954 |  | 7, 106, 000  |
| 955 |  | 7, 452, 000  |
| 956 |  | 10, 192, 000   |
| 957 |  | 9, 997, 000  |
| 958 |  | 8, 411, 000  |
| 959 |  | 10, 734, 000   |
| 960 |  | 10, 354, 000   |
| 961 |  | 10, 169, 000   |
| 962 |  | 10, 567, 000   |
| 963 |  | 1 8, 971, 000  |
| 964 |  | (2)  |

<sup>1</sup> Only the 1963 statistics reflect all imports by U.S. producers. If statistics for 1953–62 were available on the same basis the effect would be to increase the quantity of imports credited to U.S. watch manufacturers and to decrease the quantity credited to importer-assemblers by an unknown amount. Undoubtedly, this amount was near zero in 1953 but fairly sizable during 1962.

2 In 1964, according to the U.S. Tariff Commission, U.S. proucers brought in 4,200,000 units, including both dutiable imports and shipments from the U.S. Virgin Islands; however, the Tariff Commission did not specify how many were dutiable imports.

dutiable imports.

Source: Statistics for 1953-62 based on table 3, sales of products by U.S. establishments in which watch movements are produced, and table 7, U.S. imports for consumption, U.S. Tariff Commission, Watch Movements, Preliminary Statistical Data for Use in Connection with Investigation No. TEA-IA-2 (Apr. 28, 1964). Statistics for 1963 from table 7 estimated U.S. consumption by supplier, origin, and type, 1963, U.S. Tariff Commission, Watch Movements, Report to the President on Investigation No. TEA-IA-2 Under sec. 351(d)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.