distribution of U.S. direct private foreign investments; Chart "C" the industry distribution of U.S. direct private foreign investments. (The sources of information for Charts A, B and C were the 1958 Hearings by the Subcommittee on Private Foreign Investment, and the Department of Commerce Survey of Current Business, September, 1967.)

CHART "A"
United States Investments Abroad
(Millions of Dollars)

	1950	1957	1966
Total U.S. investments abroad	\$32,844	\$54,215	\$111,874
Prviate Investments	19,004	36,812	86,235
Long-term	17,483	33,588	75,565
Direct	11,788	25,252	54,562
Portfolio	5,700	8,336	21,003
Short-term	1,516	3,224	10,670
U.S. Government credits & claims	13,840	17,403	25,639
Long-term	13,518	15,548	21,182
Short-term	322	1,855	4,457

In Chart "A" we find that total U.S. investment abroad in 1966 has increased by practically four times the 1950 figure of \$32.8 billion. The large share of the 1966 total figure is made up of private investments, \$86.2 billion of the \$111.8 billion total for 1966.

The divisions of private investmentare long-term meaning a period in excess of one year, and short-term. The book value of our various short-term private investments at the end of 1966 totaled \$10.6 billion.

Long-term private investments can be placed in two categories, portfolio and direct. Portfolio investment largely entails private ownership of foreign government bonds and business securities, with no implication in management decisions. Portfolio investment abroad in 1966 totaled \$21 billion.