

TABLE 34

INDIA		INDIA		
Product	Type of Restriction	Estimated Impact on U. S. Trade	Trade Agreement Status	Remarks
<u>N. Agricultural Quota</u> <u>Native Restrictions</u>				
All imports except government orders, imports under open general license, and passenger baggage	Import license, import fees, exchange control quotas	Significant, but product groups too broad to permit trade summary	Legal under GATT Article XVIII and affects bound items	All commercial imports require an import license. Essential commodities and raw materials are given priority. Imports of luxuries or non-essentials and such goods as are produced locally in adequate supply, are either prohibited or severely curtailed. Exchange controls are merged with licensing controls, affecting some range of products. For licensing purposes, importers are divided into three categories: "established importers," "actual users," and "other." Licenses are issued to "established importers" on the basis of fixed percentage of their historical imports, during a selected period. "Actual users" are accorded licenses on the basis of their certified requirements. "Other importers" include educational and research institutions and receive licenses on an ad hoc basis.