

1774 AMENDING SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES CONTROL ACT OF 1950

§ 191.a

UNITED STATES COAST GUARD

sion and control of such vessel for the purposes set forth in the said paragraph.

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DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
September 16, 1955.

§ 191a. Same; transfer of Secretary of Treasury powers to Secretary of Navy when Coast Guard operates as part of Navy.

When the Coast Guard operates as a part of the Navy pursuant to section 1 of Title 14, the powers conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by section 191 of this title, shall vest in and be exercised by the Secretary of the Navy. (Nov. 15, 1941, ch. 471, § 2, 55 Stat. 763.)

§ 191b. Effect of sections 191a-191c on certain laws relating to Canal Zone.

Nothing in sections 191a-191c of this title shall be construed as affecting the authority conferred upon the Governor of The Canal Zone by the second paragraph of section 191 of this title, notwithstanding the provisions of section 191a of this title; nor shall anything in sections 191a-191c of this title be construed as affecting the powers and authority conferred by section 1306 of Title 48. (Nov. 15, 1941, ch. 471, § 4, 55 Stat. 763, as amended Sept. 26, 1950, ch. 1049, § 2 (b), 64 Stat. 1038.)

§ 192. Seizure and forfeiture of vessels for failure to observe regulations.

If any owner, agent, master, officer, or person in charge, or any member of the crew of any such vessel fails to comply with any regulation or rule issued or order given under the provisions of this

chapter, or obstructs or interferes with the exercise of any power conferred by this chapter, the vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, furniture, and equipment, shall be subject to seizure and forfeiture to the United States in the same manner as merchandise is forfeited for violation of the customs revenue laws; and the person guilty of such failure, obstruction, or interference shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than ten years and may, in the discretion of the court, be fined not more than \$10,000.

(a) If any other person knowingly fails to comply with any regulation or rule issued or order given under the provisions of this chapter, or knowingly obstructs or interferes with the exercise of any power conferred by this chapter, he shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than ten years and may, at the discretion of the court, be fined not more than \$10,000. (June 15, 1917, ch. 30, title II, § 2, 40 Stat. 220; as amended Mar. 28, 1940, ch. 72, § 3 (a), 54 Stat. 79; Nov. 15, 1941, ch. 471, § 3, 55 Stat. 763; Aug. 9, 1950, ch. 656, § 3, 64 Stat. 428.)

§ 194. Enforcement of chapter.

The President may employ such departments, agencies, officers, or instrumentalities of the United States as he may deem necessary to carry out the purpose of this chapter. (June 15, 1917, ch. 30, title II, 40 Stat. 220; as amended Aug. 9, 1950, ch. 656, § 2, 64 Stat. 428.)

Termination Date of Aug. 9, 1950, Amendments

Section 4 of act Aug. 9, 1950, cited to text, provided that the amendments to sections 191, 192 (a), and 194 of this title by said act Aug. 9, 1950, should expire on such date as Congress by concurrent resolution may specify.

TITLE 14.—COAST GUARD

CHAPTER 5. FUNCTIONS AND POWERS

§ 89. Law enforcement.

(a) The Coast Guard may make inquiries, examinations, inspections, searches, seizures, and arrests upon the high seas and waters over which the United States has jurisdiction, for the prevention, detection, and suppression of violations of laws of the United States. For such purposes, commissioned, warrant, and petty officers may at any time go on board of any vessel subject to the jurisdiction, or to the operation of any law, of the United States, address inquiries to those on board, examine the ship's documents and papers, and examine, inspect, and search the vessel and use all necessary force to compel compliance. When from such inquiries, examination, inspection, or

search it appears that a breach of the laws of the United States rendering a person liable to arrest is being, or has been committed, by any person, such person shall be arrested or, if escaping to shore, shall be immediately pursued and arrested on shore, or other lawful and appropriate action shall be taken; or, if it shall appear that a breach of the laws of the United States has been committed so as to render such vessel, or the merchandise, or any part thereof, on board of, or brought into the United States by, such vessel, liable to forfeiture, or so as to render such vessel liable to a fine or penalty and if necessary to secure such fine or penalty, such vessel or such merchandise, or both, shall be seized.

(b) The officers of the Coast Guard insofar as they are engaged, pursuant to the authority con-