I will identify the gentleman immediately on my right as the vice president, Donald Taylor. He works at the U.S. Government Printing Office, and is vice president of our union which represents 4,500 members from the District of Columbia, 1,800 of whom are employees of the United States Government Printing Office proper.

And to my left is Larry Rochon, who is Chairman of the Chairman's Chapel, United States Government Printing Office which represents 25 chapels of approximately 1,800 men of the Typographical Union em-

ployed in the Government Printing Office.

I will have Mr. Rochon identify the others. Because of these 4,500

members, I don't recognize all their faces.

Mr. Rochon. The gentleman to my left is Gordon Landes, the gentlemen to his left are Joe Urban, Darwin Spinks, Don Rosenlund, James

Shirlen, David Brinkman, and Bonius Liogys.

Mr. Hines. I will lead off, representing the Columbia Typographical Union, which as I said represents 4,500 members of Columbia Typographical Union. It is a local and an affiliate of the International Typographical Union, AFL-CIO. We have approximately 1,800 members that are employed in the U.S. Government Printing Office and who work around the clock in the publication of government documents, the Congressional Record and the like.

This is what they are hired for and this is what they take pride in

their work in doing.

We have been brought under considerable fire over the past several years in what we term our pay that we receive from the United States Government Printing Office, we now term that combat pay. It is worth your life and limb to go to work on the streets of Washington to and

from the Government Printing Office.

We sincerely sympathize with the previous speaker, the lady that represents the wives of the District Policemen, and we sympathize more wholeheartedly with the life of the District Policeman in this area. Personally, I wouldn't have one of those jobs if they paid \$50,000 a year, because of the lack of cooperation they get from the courts in this area.

A policeman himself literally is wasting his time when he makes arrests, and then they are turned loose before he ever gets back to his precinct to report off duty. We think it is a disgrace to the Nation's

Capital that such actions are allowed to go on.

Myself, I was born and raised in the City of Washington 44 years ago. I resided in this city until I was about 21 or 22 years of age and took great pride in being able to say that I was one of the original members of the City of Washington. People don't readily admit to the fact that they were born in the District of Columbia any more. We more or less take this as—we have to look down when we say this to people, because it is a disgrace at the way the District of Columbia

Government has been allowed to go on.

We think, we thought, that the appointment of a District Council by the President and to maybe start a fresh slate would be the area in which the City of Washington could grow. We think just the opposite has happened. In fact my own personal opinion, and many members of our Union, when we saw some of the members who were appointed to that City Council, we had grave reservations about the quality of the people that were put on there. We call them bleeding hearts. Most of these people are good, substantial citizens of the City of Washington