

(c) Either before withdrawing lands under this section or before granting a patent pursuant to section 3 of the Act of May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 629; 48 U.S.C. 355(c)), as amended by section 1 of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult the Secretary of Defense with respect to the effect of the withdrawal or grant on the security of the United States.

RESERVATIONS AND RESERVES

SEC. 3. (a) The areas of lands and waters heretofore reserved and set aside for the use of the Native inhabitants of Akutan, Diomedes, Karluk, Unalakleet, Venetie, and Wales shall be held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Native inhabitants thereof for twenty-five years after the date of this Act, at which time the trust shall be liquidated in the manner provided for the liquidation of trusts under section 3 of the Act of May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 629; 48 U.S.C. 355(c)), as amended by section 1 of this Act. During the term of the trust the Secretary of the Interior shall have all of the powers granted to a trustee under section 3 of said 1926 Act, as amended. To the extent such areas are smaller than the areas that could be conveyed to them under the terms of section 3 of said 1926 Act, as amended, and lands in that immediate vicinity are available for grants under such Act, additional lands may be granted by the Secretary of the Interior under that section, but only if warranted by the economic needs of the Native inhabitants. Criteria applicable to these situations shall be developed by the commission authorized by section 3(i) of said 1926 Act, as amended, and shall be made available to the Secretary as advisory recommendations.

(b) Lands held in trust pursuant to this section shall be subject to the applicable laws of the State of Alaska, except that during the period of trusteeship such land shall not be subject to State or local taxes on real estate.

(c) The various reserves set aside by Executive order or Secretarial order for Native use or for administration of Native affairs, including those created under authority of the Act of May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 593), shall be revoked pro tanto by the grant of title pursuant to section 3 of the Act of May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 629; 48 U.S.C. 355(c)), as amended by section 1 of this Act.

(d) The trusts created by this section shall be subject to the right of the Secretary of the Interior to issue and enforce such regulations as he deems desirable for the protection of migratory birds that are protected by treaty to which the United States is a party.

(e) The Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the agency administering the land, issue to Natives exclusive or nonexclusive permits, for twenty-five years or less, to use for hunting, fishing, and trapping purposes any lands in Alaska that are owned by the United States without thereby acquiring any privileges other than those stated in the permits. Such permits may contain conditions deemed desirable by the Secretary, and shall be subject to applicable State game and fish laws. Any patents or leases hereafter issued in such areas pursuant to the Alaska Statehood Act, or the public land, mining, and mineral leasing laws, may contain a reservation to the United States of the right to issue such permits and to renew them for an additional term of not to exceed twenty-five years in the discretion of the Secretary.

JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

SEC. 4. (a) The United States Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to hear and adjudicate a single claim filed within six years from the date of this Act by the Attorney General of the State of Alaska on behalf of all Natives of Alaska based on the taking by the United States of any land to which any group of such Natives claims aboriginal title by reason of use or occupancy, other than lands subject to grant under section 3 of the Act of May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 629; 48 U.S.C. 355(c)), as amended by section 1 of this Act. If the Court determines that as of March 30, 1867, any group of Natives had aboriginal title through use or occupancy of any such lands, the aboriginal title shall be regarded as taken as of that date, and the Court shall enter judgment for a sum equal to the market value of such lands upon that date without interest, and less offsets, counterclaims, and demands that would be allowable under section 2 of the Indian Claims Commission Act of August 13, 1946 (60 Stat. 1050; 25 U.S.C. 70(a)). The judgment shall be in favor of the Natives of Alaska without regard to group affiliations. A claim of aboriginal title to a particular area shall not be defeated because the land