Table 47 shows the number of stock by major classes, the annual

income per head, and the annual returns to the community.

These two tabulations show the total gross income (except income from pasture lands and milo) to all farmers, first for crops, and second, for livestock and livestock products. However, it would not be appropriate merely to add these two figures. To do so would include considerable duplication, as no allowance has been made for crops

grown which are fed to stock rather than sold.

For that reason calculations of the feed requirements of the livestock in the two communities have been made (table 48). On the basis of these feed requirements and estimated livestock numbers, it is possible to estimate the value of livestock feed. For purposes of bookkeeping, we can assume feeding of local products and purchase of similar feeds to make up the deficit, when such exists. In feeding grains; oats, barley, and wheat were fed in that order, and the remainder was sold after livestock requirements were met. Cottonseed was used as concentrates. The same purchase price as sale price was used. Grain purchased was barley. Using these assumptions, we get the following value of grains, concentrates, and hay fed:

	Arvin .	Dinuba
Qrains	\$36,000 22,000 67,000	\$64,000 40,000 104,000
Concentrates Hay	125,000	104, 000 208, 000
Total	120,000	200,000

For bookkeeping purposes it is appropriate to deduct the feed requirements either from gross value of livestock or from crop production. The latter procedure leaves certain crops deficit. Table 49 shows both allocations, while the text (see table 7, p. 26) shows the value of crops produced and the net value of livestock products.

TABLE 46 .- Gross income per acre and total gross income for crops: Arvin and Dinuba 1

Crop	Yield			Income	Arvin income		Dinuba income	
	Unit	Amount	Price	ice per acre	Acres	Income	Acres	Income
Grapes			Dollars	Dollars 107. 50 78. 64	7, 875. 0	1,000 dollars 847 493	16, 294. 9 2, 357. 7	1,000 dollars 1,755
Lint Seed Potatoes	Pounds Hundredweight. Bushels	315.0	1.37	12.60 223.65			10. 4	
Sugar beets	TonsBushels	13. 0 39. 0		72.80 90.00	112.8	56	951.6	
Wheat Barley Oats	dodododo	16. 2 27. 1 27. 4	.50 .41	13, 12 13, 55 12, 35	3, 990. 2 564. 4	54 11	944.3 831.0	13
Alfalfa	Tons	j. 4. 9	10.16	49.78	170.0 1,078.3		7.7 4,234.6	155
Summer fallow and idle. Ladino and crop pas-	Pasture				3,472.4 377.3		2, 307. 7 737. 2	
ture. Other nondepleting			3.1		452,6		437.5	
Total						2, 241	 	2,140

I For assumptions and explanations, see text.