

condition that such funds shall be placed in trust and that the proceeds thereof be used for awarding Eisenhower scholarships to qualified secondary school graduates throughout the United States to assist in defraying tuition and other expenses involved in attending Eisenhower College.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall also grant to such college the sum of \$2,500,000, on condition that such funds shall be used for the construction, operation, and maintenance of essential educational facilities, particularly those related to the teaching of international affairs, and shall be directed to the completion of the Eisenhower College campus at the earliest possible date.

SEC. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of sections 1 and 2 of this joint resolution the sum of \$5,000,000.

Mrs. GREEN. This resolution would provide \$5 million to Eisenhower College in Seneca Falls, and of this, \$2.5 million, if I understand it correctly, would be put in a trust fund for Eisenhower scholarships.

It would also authorize an additional \$2.5 million to Eisenhower College for the construction and maintenance of facilities.

Congressman Stratton, we are delighted to have you this morning. I think I will let you determine the procedure.

STATEMENT OF HON. SAMUEL S. STRATTON, A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Mr. STRATTON. Thank you. I think it would be helpful if I could present my testimony as a preliminary matter, and Mr. Rosenkrans and the other members of the college are prepared to testify on other information that hasn't been presented to the committee.

First of all, let me express my appreciation for the opportunity to appear here this morning, and for the decision of the subcommittee to hold hearings on this legislation, which would authorize \$5 million in Federal funds for Eisenhower College, half of it to go into a scholarship endowment fund and half into construction purposes.

I would like to give a word of explanation with respect to Eisenhower College. It was conceived in 1962 by a group of public-spirited citizens in Seneca Falls, N.Y.

Seneca Falls is famous in history as not only the birthplace of the Republican Party, which may be a distinction contested by some other locations, but also I think without any contest it is the site of the first Equal Rights Convention for women, which was held under the sponsorship of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Lucretia Mott and Amelia Bloomer.

Susan B. Anthony doesn't feature in this particular movement, I understand, until somewhat later.

The original idea of creating this college in the Finger Lakes region gathered support and came under the leadership of two individuals, Dr. Scott Skinner, an ophthalmologist in Seneca Falls, and Mr. John Rosenkrans, who was formerly an insurance executive in Seneca Falls, and is now the president of the college.

Subsequently this movement for a new college which would serve individuals who might not otherwise be able to attend college gained support and Dr. Earl McGrath, Commissioner of Education in the Truman administration and long recognized as an outstanding educator, assumed the academic leadership of the movement as chancellor.

Thereafter the group sponsoring the college succeeded in getting the approval of General Eisenhower to lend his name to the college, and in addition the Presbyterian Church in upstate New York indi-