CA-Edison

9/24/76

motions by twp - transcript

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SUPERIO^COURT OP NEW JERSEY CHANCERWIVISION MIDDLESEX COUNTY 1 DOCKET -NO. C.-4122-73 APPEAL NO. 4720-75 2 3 URBAN LEAGUE OP GREATER NEW 4 BRUNSWICK, et als., Motions by Township of Edison 5 Plaintiffs, 6 v. 7 THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OP THE BOROUGH OP CARTERET, et als., 8 Defendants. 9 10 Middlesex County Courthouse New Brunswick, New Jersey 11 September 24, 1976 12 13 Honorable David D. Purman, J.S.C. BEFORE: 14 TRANSCRIPT ORDERED BY: 15 Attorney for the Plaintiffs 16 **APPEARANCES:** Daniel A. Searing, Esq., 17 -and-Marilyn J. Morheuser, Esq., 18 Attorneys for the Plaintiffs 19 Roland A. Winter, Esq., Attorney for Township of Edison 20 Alan J. Karcher, Esq., 21 Attorney for Borough of Sayreville 22 23 Stanley Grabon, C.S.R, 24 25 CA001366S

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May it please your Honor, I MR.. WINTER: have given a lot of thought about how to present this It is unique to me in that it seems so argument. obvious and simple and mathematical. I considered resting on my moving papers, wondering at this late stage that the Urban League would have the temerity, would have the nerve to say that more than enough is still not enough. Thanks to Mr. Karcher I got a copy from him of their objections to my motions, and now I have got to argue this. Your Honor, I waited a long time to make this argument, because all during the trial I maintained that the very recent master plan as implemented by the zoning ordinance of the Township of Edison was sincere in an effort to meet the obvious needs of its moderate and low income families, and that the administration of the Township of Edison worked seven" years on developing these plans and did so carefully with not only qualified, but very devoted planners.

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* Their efforts did make that provision, and I had every confidence th£ despite the attack by/ the Urban League that the Township of Edison and its officials that enacted our present zoning law would be vindicated in this trial.

Unfortunately, during the trial process, the plaintiffs, and I argued this during the trial, as your Honor will well recall, never came forward with an adequate formula by suggestion or proof or competent witness that would have provided to the defendants a measure, a guide, a rule to apply to oui various zoning ordinances to see whether or not even by their standards we complied or we did not comply with their concept of fair share housing for a region

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It took your Honor in the final analysis to provide us with that indispensable formula, and you laid it down, your Honor, in your decision at Page 33, wherein you said that the guidelines could be considered as being reasonable if in the singlefamily residential areas, four single-family units to the acre were permitted. In the area of mobile homes, if between five and eight mobile home units could be permitted, and in multi-family zone areas if at least ten to the acre could be permitted.

Edison's zoning law is in evidence, your Honor, and you will note that our mobile home units have a much higher rate of density than the minimum standards that you laid down on Page 33, and our multi-family units permit fifteen to the acre, but not ten.

By the standards laid down by your Honor we have arrived at a formula and applied it to our zoning map and we have had and we find that as zoned we 'have qualified under your definition and your formula a total of 5,957 units properly zoned for which no variance or anything else are required.

Your Honor also said that Edison's fair share currently is twenty-two hundred, and through 1985 an additional 1,292 units. That's at pages 19 and 32, your Honor, of your decision. The grand total of those through 1985 comes out to 3,492.

Now, your Honor also said at the very end of your decision that units where applications have been made that will eventually lead to the issuance of building permits, but for which no building permits have been issued as of the date of your decision, the municipality shall receive credit therefor.

In that calleigMcy., your Honor, when I collatejd the information to prepare the affidavits, there was a conservative number of 2,907 under application.

* I represent to your Honor that between that day and this there are almost two hundred additional applications in that category of residential use pending before the various boards and zoning board, planning board, site plan review committee, et cetera, on their way to approval.

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Included in this, your Honor, are subsidize! housing in the many, many, many, many hundreds; all of which we proved during the trial.

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Now, your Honor, Edison has gone far beyond the minimum requirements laid down in your decision, and I shall refer to them as just the moral responsibility that municipalities have to repair, restore, engage in federal programs, to encourage not only the construction of new, but the rehabilitation of old.

We had several ongoing programs which were all adduced at the time of trial, and I did not repeat these in my moving papers, but we do have a brand new comprehensive plan which I attached to my moving papers in toto.

Your Honor, as I look at the plaintiffs' alleged objections to my motion, I have to say that they are fortunate that Judge Purman is the judge and not I. For them to say on Page 2 that our affidavits are irrelevant because there is no showing-paragraph 3 at the bottom. There is no showing made that such possible new units are to be low and moderate income units. I think that's an insult to the Court because your Honor has defined that very phrase.

Your Honor has said in your decision that those qualifications are to be determined as having met those qualifications if you can get four single families to an acre, If you can get ten multifamilies to an acre, or if you can get between five and eight mobile units to an acre.

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For the plaintiffs to say at this late stage after having failed to prove what their formula is, that your formula doesn't define it, that is nothing less than an insult. I think it is of great temerity for these people to argue that there is no formula and that the formula you laid down is insufficient to test the number of units that Edison actually has. MR. SEARING: The plaintiffs stand by every

word in their memorandum opposing Edison's motion. I would just like to point out that your Honor's opinion on Page 33 in which you are indicating that within each municipality there may be certain flexibility of densities, you state that multifamily housing encompassing a diversity of housing but with mandatory minimums of low and moderate income units. You go on to talk about the densities in mobile homes.

What Edison has presented in its affidavits are totals of units which may or may not be built,

but which certainly no showing has been made that these units are to be made available to low and moderate income citizens, and as I read the opinion, that's what the issue in this case was all about. It is not simply how many new housing units in each municipality could be built under present exclusionary zoning provisions.

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We would stand on our opposition to Edison's papers as being in any way in compliance with the judgment.

THE COURT: Well, the judgment has two approaches, Mr. Searing, correct? One is that the municipalities other than the three very-the three large townships with very substantial vacant acreageand the other eight have the alternatives of rezoning all of their vacant acreage to provide the minimums required after correcting the imbalance, or alternatively, to rezone the vacant acreage specifically to provide these proportions of low and moderate income units.

« Now, I don't think that I foresaw this, and I don't know that the plaintiffs foresaw it, but Mr. Winter seems to have foreseen it during the course of the trial. But it seems to me a very serious argument that present zoning does provide

the potential for this number of low and this number of moderate income units.

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MR. SEARING: Your Honor, I would have to say that that's not so, absent requirements in the zoning ordinances similar to those found and commended by your Honor in Plainsboro. There's been no showing that any of the applications under process now are going to be or to go toward low and moderate income housing other than the oral representations that Mr. Winter just made about the hundreds and hundreds of units that would apply.

To my knowledge the only units to which those statements apply are the eight hundred units in the urban renewal area which Mr. Winter says or Mr. Godwin says in his affidavit that are not included in the single-family and multi-family units.

If Mr. Winter can show me some evidence that the units which he is discussing in this area at the density subscribed are available to the plaintiff class, then I think that it would be a serious argument. Absent that showing, it is not, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, I would almost think thatyou are seeking a rather unusual form of relief here, Mr. Winter, and also you, Mr.- Karcher. You are

seeking an order of dismissal or an order of complian_{ce} with the judgment. Isn't that-right?

MR. WINTER: Yes, sir.

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• THE COURT: All right. Now, speaking of all eleven municipalities, Mr. Searing-as a matter of fact, I have a letter today from the Planning Board, the Planning Board attorney in Old Bridge Township. I think he sent a copy to you. He says that a certain number of low and moderate income units had been approved.

Now, it seems to me that in monitoring the judgment, that it may very well be that the municipalities would send to the Court, with a copy to plaintiffs' attorneys, the specific facts as to new units added that fit within low and moderate income. Of course this would be particularly appropriate or significant where there is multi-family housing.

In other words, Mr. Searing, I would tend not to grant the motions today, but to suggest a procedure to apply to all municipalities that they submit to the Court with copies to counsel for the plaintiffs specific information as to new units added and then, for example, I would suppose that if Edison in the course of a year or two years, if it supplies data that they have replaced the present

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. 1		substandard housing, that they have met or provided
2	, <i>*</i>	the number to correct the imbalance, that they have
3	· ·	also provided the one thousand three hundred thirty-
4		three units, they would at that time be in compliance
• 5		with the judgment.
6		Would you agree with that?
7		MR. SEARING: Yes, sir, I would agree with
g		that, providing that there are some assurances that
Q		the units we are discussing are low and moderate
10		income units and not simply units which are being
11		built on the open market today for middle and upper
12		income families.
13		THE COURT: Yes, of course. It would have t o
14		be satisfied, of course.
15	· · ·	Mow, here is a letter from the Planning Board
16		attorney in Old Bridge Township. He says, "Please be
17		advised that the Planning Board is currently
18		processing an application for one thousand two
19		hundred fifty-six garden apartment units. A sub-
20		stantial proportion of these garden apartment units
~ -		qualify as low and moderate income housing.
22		Upon final approval the Planning Board shall notify
23		the Court and the developer and request appropriate
24		credit therefor."
25		I'm not sure that I foresaw the way that the

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judgment would be implemented, but it seems to me that this would be an effective way of doing it.

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MR. SEARING: Yes, sir. Plaintiffs intend **•**o request from Old Bridge how they assure that those units are for such low and moderate income. Hopefully, they are and that they qualify under some subsidy program or there are tax abatements or there are satisfactory methods which the judgment discusses to insure that the units are low and moderate income units.

> MR. WINTER: May I be heard, your Honor? THE COURT: Yes.

MR. WINTER: The last series of colloquy between you and Mr. Searing leave me with the unmistakeable impression that the numerology set forth in my moving papers is now insufficient, because a new ingredient that I did not see in your decision, not did I see in the final judgment which implemented that decision, is now present.

THE COURT: You mean; replacing substandard housing?

MR. WINTER: Not substandard housing, your Honor, but there seems to be another qualification that somebody at certain income levels can afford or have subsidized whatever is built in the zones that

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we allocated for low .and moderate income housing. I argued during the trial, and I honestly felt, your Honor, that you were extremely close to dismissing Edison after my argument on my motion for dismissal because I have maintained down the line that the only thing a municipality can do beyond its moral obligation to apply for federal programs, and it .cannot do so out of its tax revenues, is to zone land to permit low cost and moderate cost housing. There is no way that our building department, our building inspector, our planning board, our zoning board, our site plan review committee can put its finger in the face of a builder or developer and say that notwithstanding you have sufficient acreage, notwithstanding that your filed plans satisfy the traffic, the elevations, the sewers, the roads, notwithstanding that your shrubbery satisfies our esthetic sensitivities, we are going to deny you this building permit unless you go to the government and build some kind of a federal program so that the low and moderate income people can afford to live here.

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We do not have the political power or the constitutional power to insure that. To attach additional conditions to our unqualified overflow of

housing as determined by your Honor's formula is after the fact. I must say this to your Honor, I have taken an undeviating position in this case, limited participation because I have lived with our master plan and our zoning law, and I know that we provided for the poor and moderately poor.

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I took that position unequivocably during the course of the trial. I counseled my township council and my mayor and my boards. Now your Honor's formula comes down and everybody understands that Edison was not only minimal with the requirements to meet its obligation to the low and moderate income families, it was magnanimously generous.

It has twice as much as the formula provides. To say now that we have to do something for Mr. Searing to qualify these numbers after the application of your Honor's formula is something after the fact and never took place during the trial. I want to say one other thing, your Honor. It is all well and good, and Mr. Searing is duly qualified to try this case, but he comes from Washington. I have a nightmare about this case that it is the Urban League and Mr. Searing that are never going to be satisfied until Middlesex County is one huge, solid block of multi-family units stacked five high

made out of old pop bottles and beer cans, because that's the only material that will satisfy a private developer to build this kind of housing without sudsidation.

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I don't know what more Edison can do. We can't constitutionally deny the building permits. We have got more than twice as much as your Honor required.

I find myself procedurally in a position where I have written to the Appellate Division and said I like the decision below. I intend not to appeal or participate in the appeal, because there's plenty of contests on both sides, and I like the formula. I like the decision.

I have not applied for a stay. I have got my Township on a timetable where we are preparing **for**-the Land Use Ordinance that's got to be adopted by February the 1st, and the only alternative that I have, if more is not enough, if too much is not enough, is to make an immediate application to appeal just this motion because it is not interlocutory any more. It is final now. I won't agree to satisfying Mr. Searing.

He's welcome to come to my town hall and see my programs and know what we are doing with our

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money, but I'm not going to consent to an order by this Court at this stage to ran that part of the department to the satisfaction of Daniel Searing, and'I don't think that the Court should order it.

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THE COURT: We might hear from Mr. Karcher. MR. KARCHER: Thank you, your Honor. I wanted to in many ways reiterate what Mr. Winter has said, although he has done it very persuasively, very convincingly as far as I am concerned.

We in Sayreville also shared Edison's enthusiasm for the initial opinion and what we understood that opinion to hold.

The numerology was, as far as Sayreville-Sayreville had the abiding conviction throughout the trial that we were providing and we had spent tens upon tens of thousands of dollars in redoing our master plan and adopting our PUD, and we had that conviction throughout the trial that we were taking care of and providing for the moderate and low income families.

~ The guidelines as Mr. Winter said, the guidelines that appeared in your opinion, your Honor, were very satisfactory. All we have done in the memorandum attached to our moving papers is we had our planner prepare, within the framework of that

opinion, exactly what Sayreville does, and of course the numerology works out to mathematics and they are irrefutable.

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We have more, we have double the amount that the guidelines set down and are called for in that decision. We have excluded single-family-even excluding single-family detached residences, we still have 4,869 potential units, all of which qualify under the terms of the formula of more than four per acre of single-family dwellings and something like twenty-five hundred apartments at a density of twelve to an acre.

To pass on for a moment, your Honor, I just think that those figures, they are unequivocal and they are Irrefutable. There is no other conclusion that can be reached except the fact the Sayreville has more than enough*

Now, I don't know how plaintiffs can say more than enough is not enough, but we are not in a position to go out and recruit people, your Honor. Are we supposed to drag them in, as the Gospel says, from the by-ways and highways and tell them that you have got to come and you have got to live in Sayreville whether you like it or not?

We can't do that. I don't think that anybod 🛛

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ever envisioned us to do that.

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All we can do as governmental entities is to provide a framework and provide a basic zoning document that will allow the marketplace to work with certain incentives.

Those incentives do not work, it is not our fault. We can't be held responsible for it. We can't possibly be held responsible for it.

I would also like to mention, your Honor, with what-you are saying about as to monitoring, if that is true, Sayreville has had a very unique position since the time of this trial. We have had an extremely unique situation where I would say that because I know for the figures that we are preparing for submission to the federal government with regard to the public works administration, that many familids

in Sayreville, residents there now have dropped down, have slipped back into what are low and

moderate income levels, and I would say that any Census taken today would show that Sayreville has already met that.

If it is going to be a system that is based upon how many people in that category presently

live there, there is no question that we far surpass at this given state in time the county average of

low and moderate income families residing within the Borough of Sayreville.

With the grace of God that may be only a temporary situation, but as it stands in hard reality today, without question the economic realities of the income statements for the year 1976 will reflect that Sayrevllle, taken as a whole, has higher than the County average in moderate and low income families because there are six hundred and some odd residents who have had no salary whatsoever this year except for twenty-five or thirty dollars per week.

So at this moment we more than qualify. I think that we have to get credit for that. Even with that aside, with that taken as a tangential issue, the facts remain that they are not irrelevant as plaintiffs contend. We do have on paper and our zoning ordinance comports with exactly the guidelines that your Honor has set forth in the opinion and the numbers cannot be refuted.

** Thank you.

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MR. WINTER: One more word, your Honor, before Mr. Searing rebuts. I ask you to take note of two things from my affidavits.

I argued during the trial that the governing

body is powerless to do anything but zone in accordance with reasonable standards to permit mod-

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erate and low cost housing. I reiterate that today.

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I want to point out to your Honor that the argument that I made during the trial, the economic situation was such that a lot of this land that was zoned to permit the type of dwellings we are talking about here was unused. I think that it is a remarkable figure that from the date of your decision, your Honor, we have had up until today three thousand one hundred seventy-two apartment dwellings applied for.

Now, the economy is pushing the development of this land and these things will be built and they will be occupied. But the other side of the coin is not similarly true, your Honor. If by virtue of your decision, and if you had taken a different formula, it was necessary for Edison to take, let's say, a thousand acres from whatever, and then put it into multiple and small lot single-family residential, there would be nothing in that to create the drive, the impetus for the actual buildings to house the people.

It takes an economic impetus, whether it is subsidy from the federal government or demand for

1	housing, whatever it is. It is an impetus that
2	doesn't lie within the power of the municipality.
3	. So the argument of Mr. Searing that we have
4	got to do more than provide high saturation and high
5	density land should fall on deaf ears when your Hono
6	hears it because there isn't anything constitutional y
. 7	that the municipality can do.
8	Edison is doing something by making available
g	to its residents every conceivable type of federal
10	program.
ĪĪ	If Mr. Searing wants to kind of guarantee
£2	that the next administration will do it, make it
13	available, we'll include that in the order; but there
ī.4	is-nothing in the constitution or background of the
15	behavior of Edison to indicate anything but that
", 1.0	this is one of the most farsighted communities,
17	sensitive to the needs of the moderate and low
- 0	income families in the entire area.
19	MR. SEARING: * Your Honor, I think that the
20	rhetoric in this argument is rapidly overtaking
21	reality. There has been no new zoning in either
22	Sayreville or Edison that I know of. There have
23	been no new opportunities for low and moderate income
24	families. There have been no trials of any incen-
25	tives that Mr. Winter and Mr. Karcher have dis-

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The point that I am trying to make is that there is one column missing from all of these affidavits regarding new units, and that is the rental ranges and the purchase prices.

If we had that kind of column to match up with your Honor's opinion regarding low and moderate income units, regarding the definition of low and moderate income, then we could make a judgment. Absent that, we cannot.

THE COURT: It might be determined that at that time that Edison had met its fair share and Sayreville had met its fair share.

MR. SEARING: Provided we had those figures, yes, sir. There then could be such a determination.

THE COURT: Well, I think that there are two alternatives this afternoon. One would be for an attempt even now to secure an agreement with counsel for Edison and with counsel for Sayreville as to terms similar to those applying to Woodbridge, Helmetta, and Militown, and so forth.

In other words, I am talking about a conditional dismissal.

The other alternative would be that - well, I've indicated that at some point there can be an

order of compliance and I would, as I state earlier, view the applications now as premature untithere is .specific information as to rentals or purchase price of houses or whatever it may be.

*. MR. WINTER: I really didn't follow that, What information is that?

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THE COURT: Well, 1,256 units are being bui:t. Two hundred twelve of them will rent at \$200 a month or whatever it is.

MR. WINTER: Unfortunately^ I won't have that information to me until the new ordinance goes into effect, which has nothing to do with this now. We passed a new aspect to our rent ordinance where we'll have a firm handle on rentals.

Would your Honor do this? If you have any hesitancy at all that it might be premature, and you have voiced that it Is, continue this matter subject however, that the requirement to pass and adopt a new ordinance is stayed and give me a month to continue this motion to give you the information on how much apartments rent for in Edison Township. I'll give it to you unit by unit and then with all of them in it, and then I will supply that information to you. But I have to say in all frankness, your Honor-THE COURT: We are not talking about existing

	housing. We are talking about housing to be built.
2	MR. WINTER: How am I going to know that,
	your Honor? Where possibly-Xl'ranot clairvoyant.
. 2	THE COURT: As I say, I think it's premature.
	I think that what is being carried out in Old Bridge
6	is what I would have in mind. We don't have to have
	the rentals. We don't require Mr. Karcher to go out
	on the highways and by-ways and round people up. It
9	is enough that there are units there.
1(MR. SEARING: I'm going to contact counsel J.n
· · 11	Old Bridge and determine exactly how they made that
1:	representation.
. 13	Plaintiffs are going to require more eviden je
. 14	than a simple affidavit that these are a thousand lo- W
1	and moderate; income units. No builder worth his sal $\mathfrak c$
10	starts any construction project without having some
<u> </u>	idea of how much he wants to market those houses for,
18	and I suggest to counsel that they go ask the
19	builders what the rental ranges are going to be.
20	MR. WINTER: With all due respect, I'm not
<u> </u>	interested in that. I read your decision, and I am
22	enamored with it, and I want to live or die by it.
23	THE COURT: You disarm me when you say that.
24	MR. WINTER: I'm not interested in going ou ${\mathfrak c}$
25	and canvassing buildings or having any township

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	1		personnel in the township going out and canvassing
	2		buildings. I think that I understand your decision.
	3		I think I understand your judgment.
	4		I do not want to negotiate backwards from
	5		that with Mr. Searing. I want to live by your T
	6		decision and judgment.
	7		I want your Honor to tell me as a result of
	8		this motion whether I have more, as much as, or less
	9		than what is required by your formula, and that's al
	10		that I want.
	11		MR. KARCHER: Might I be heard? I think that
	12 13		that is something that is essentially in the application of both Mr. Winter and myself and j have
	14		discussed this at length with my town and they have
	15		read and I have given them the opinion, and they
	15		cannot understand how these numbers can be changed.
	17		What would be the P°i ^{nt} in adopting a new
	18		ordinance that would create even greater numbers?
	19		If our numbers are satisfactory within the framework
	20		of the opinion, what possibly could be solved and
	21		what possibly could be gained by putting in another
	22		ordinance?
	23		We don't want to go through the expenditure
	24	'~'	of thousands upon thousands of more new dollars to
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If we already have in excess of the number required, what is the point in adopting a new ordin-ance?

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The only thing that is ever going to tell is time in that respect, and if that's what Mr. Searing * wants and if his.argument is that the only proof of the pudding is in the eating, then we really do need time.

We are not going to have this solved in one month or one year or two years. We can't determine all of these factors which he talks about, the . rental levels and the cost per house. They are all variables. This is all variables. They will shift from year to year and day to day.

The one thing that Sayreville would likely care about is we would like a ruling if we are going to be mandated to adopt a new ordinance. We can't see what would possibly be accomplished by that. We can put in a provision to say fifty units per acre; ^{anc}* if ^a builder comes in and wants to put in marble floors and gold walls, they are still not goirjig to rent at the levels that Mr. Searing wants them to That's not going to accomplish anything.

What we would really like to acquire today, the ruling or decision from this Court as to the fact

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1		that our present ordinance as far as the numbers are
2		concerned is satisfactory.
3		MR. SEARING: Mr. Karcher and I find our-
4		selves in agreement that we don't want builders coming
5		in putting up gold and marble units which are going $oldsymbol{r}$ o
6		rent above the ranges which low and moderate income
7		citizens can afford, but you can't determine compli-
8		ance with the judgment solely on the basis of number:
9		It just cannot be done.
10		I don't understand the attempt by these two
11		communities to take one small portion of your Honor's
12		opinion, deleting a sentence regarding mandatory
13		minimums of low and moderate income units, and try t <j)< th=""></j)<>
14		build their case for compliance around it. I think
15		that your Honor's ruling is clear. We need the
16		other figures.
17		THE COURT: I would like you to respond,
lg		Mr. Searing, and possibly you are not ready today
19		and this would take some time, but I think it is a
20		serious contention on both sides. I can't say that
21	·	I foresaw it.
22		Now, deficiencies are pointed out in the
23		zoning ordinances of both Edison and Sayreville, but
24		I think that you would tend to agree that those were
25		the two of the eleven municipalities that were most

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1	marginally in the case. Would that be . fair to say?
2	MR. SEARING: Well, I wish that your Honor
3	wouldn't ask me that.
4	, THE COURT: All right. Certain infirmities
5	were pointed out in the zoning ordinances in both
6	Edison and Sayreville. Now, Mr. Winter and Mr.
7	Karcher apparently are not proposing to delete or
8	rectify those particular infirmities.
р	For example, looking at Sayreville, the
10	minimum lot sizes for planned unit developments are
11	excessive. It is not proposed that those be reduced.
12	What is proposed is looking just at the jadment,
13	that they already have zoned their vacant land,
Ī4	existing zoning of their vacant land. This, of
15	course, was not clear on the facts brought out at the
16	trial. The existing zoning of their vacant land now
17	provides the potential for the allocation to those
18	respective municipalities.
19	I think that it has to be a serious conten
20	tion here. I would suggest that an additional thirt $^{ m v}$.
	days beyond October 7th be given to both Edison and
(21	Sayreville, and that more specific information as to
22	rentals, for example, or multi-family housing detail
23	suggesting that low and moderate income units can be
24 25	built may be supplied by the municipalities, and the

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1	I would like to have an argument supported by briefs
2	as to why this is not in compliance.
3	I had tended to think that compliance would
4	be determined over a period of years as units were
5	built and proof was supplied to the Court that they
6	fit within or a proportion of the units fit within
7	the definition of low and moderate income.
8	I had tended to think that it would be a
9	matter of monitoring or supervision over a period of
10	years, maybe until 1985.
	These municipalities are pressing for some-
12	thing sooner. Possibly we have to reopen the hear-
13	ing just looking at the vacant land and making.factual
14	determinations.
15	As I say, it is not something that I foresaw.
16	Mr. Winter and maybe Mr. Karcher did foresee it.
17	The only order today will be an additional
18	thirty days to both Edison and Sayreville.
19	MR. WINTER: Your HOnor indicated that you
20	want briefs. From the way that you framed the
21	query, may we expect that we will receive Mr. Searlng's
22	brief before we respond?
23	THE COURT: That may be, but I also suggest
24	to you that further specific data might be valuable
25	MR. WINTER: To that end could I ask that
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you presume upon your Clerk to provide me a photostat of a letter from the planner in Old Bridge that impressed you so that I could have some guidelines to furnish you with the kind of information that you want?

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THE COURT: This is as to specific proposed construction, something before the planning board. I take it that you have a number of projects open, too.

MR. WINTER: Yes, we do, sir. This would b of particular interest to me. I might be able to present you with something concrete.

MR. KARCHER: One last question. Will your Honor also entertain, as I mentioned before, additional data with regard to the changing demographic of Sayreville and the fact at the moment that we-

THE COURT: I hope that's a temporary condition, Mr. Karcher. I'm familiar with it from other litigation before this Court.

MR. WINTER: Are you fixing another return date, your Honor, for this adjournment or just approximately thirty days?

THE COURT: Well, what was the date? Was i October 7th? That becomes November 6th then.

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1	MR. SEARING: That's Saturday, your Honor.	
2	November 5th?	
3	MR. WINTER: He even wants the extra day.	. •
4	'MR. SEARING: Or the 12th, your Honor? We	
5	will give them another week.	
6	THE COURT: All right. November 12th.	
. 7.	MR. WINTER: When do you want us back here,	
8	your Honor? Do you want to fix a date for that,	
9	or shall we make another motion or are you continuing	•
10	this motion or what?	
11	THE COURT: I thought that we were making	
12	it November the 12th.	
13	MR. WINTER: All right. That's okay.	
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CERTIFICATION

I, STANLEY GRABON, a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of New Jersey, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript.

STANLEY GRABON, C.S.R.