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KUNZMAN, COLEY, YOSPIN & BERNSTEIN

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

EDWIN D. KUNZMAN JOHN E.COLEY, JR. HARRY A.YOSPIN STEPHEN J. BERNSTEIN IRVING KUNZMAN (1914-1980) IRA KUNZMAN (1924-1974)

HAROLD DRUSE STEVEN A. KUNZMAN LINDA E MALLOZZI 15 MOUNTAIN BOULEVARD WARREN, N. J. 07060 (201) 757-7800

TOWNSHIP OF WARREN

October 18, 1983

The Honorable Eugene D. Serpentelli Ocean County Court House C.N. 2191 Toms River, New Jersey 08753

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Re: AMG Realty Company vs. Township of Warren consolidated with: Timber Properties, etc. vs. Township of Warren Docket Nos. L-23277-80 P.W. L-67820-80 P.W. Our File No. W-47

Dear Judge Serpentelli:

Enclosed herewith is the original and one copy of Pretrial Memorandum in the above entitled case. Also enclosed is the original and seven copies of Factual and Legal Contentions.

Respectfully submitted,

KUNZMAN COLEY, YOSPIN & BERNSTEIN

Jr. John E. Coley

JEC/ga Enclosure ccs: J Lynch R Kraus

- K KLAUS
- J Murray
- E Jacobs A Mastro
- R Trombadore

RECEIVED

OCT 19 1983

JUDGE SERPENTELLI'S CHAMBERS

TIMBER TROPERTIES

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RAYMOND R. & ANN W. TROMBADORE A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION COUNSELLORS AT LAW 33 EAST HIGH STREET SOMERVILLE, NEW JERSEY 08876

RAYMOND R. TROMBADORE

Put with P. T meind

ANN WILKIN TROMBADORE OF COUNSEL

MARILYN RHYNE HERR

October 19, 1983

RECEIVED OCT 19 1983 JUDGE SERPENTELLI'S CHAMBERS

Honorable Eugene D. Serpentelli Ocean County Court House Washington Street Court Room 1 Toms River, New Jersey 08754

> Re: AMG Realty Company v. Warren Township Timber Properties v. Warren Township Docket Nos. L-23277-80 P.W. L-67820-80 P.W.

Dear Judge Serpentelli:

Enclosed please find a Pretrial Memorandum submitted on behalf of Timber Properties.

Respectfully yours,

12milan Uni orthe Raymond /F. Trombadore

RRT/ljk

Enclosure

cc: J. Albert Mastro, Esq. Eugene W. Jacobs, Esq. John E. Coley, Jr., Esq. John T. Lynch, Esq. Leib, Kraus & Grispin, Esqs. Joseph E. Murray, Esq. Clerk of Superior Court Somerset County Clerk TELEPHONE (201) 722-7555

Attorney(s): RAYMOND R. & ANN W. Office Address & Tel. No.: 33 East Hig Attorney(s) for Timber Properties	h Street, Somer	
AMG REALTY COMPANY, et als, Pl	.aintiff	SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY
vs. THE TOWNSHIP OF WARREN		LAW DIVISION SOMERSET COUNTY
D_{ϵ} CONSOLIDATED WITH: vs.	efendant Plaintiff(s)	L-23277-80 P.W. Docket No. L-67820-80 P.W.
TIMBER PROPERTIES, etc., Plaintiff vs. THE TOWNSHIP OF WARREN, et als. Defendant(s)		CIVIL ACTION
		PRETRIAL MEMORANDUM OF Timber Properties

ul. No.

 NATURE OF ACTION: Prerogative Writ Suit challenging the zoning and land use regulations of Warren Township and seeking a judgment ordering the rezoning of the plaintiff's lands and further challenging the arbitrary limitation placed upon sewage treatment services required by plaintiff for the use of
ADMISSIONS AND STIPULATIONS: its land.

See admissions by defendant Warren Township Sewerage Authority.

3-4. FACTUAL AND LEGAL CONTENTIONS: (Annexed hereto).

5. DAMAGE AND INJURY CLAIMS: As set forth in the complaint, as amended.

6. AMENDMENTS: None.

7. ISSUES AND EVIDENCE PROBLEMS: See attached.

8. LEGAL ISSUES ABANDONED: None.

9. 'EXHIBIT'S: '

To be marked prior to trial.

10. EXPERT WITNESSES:

Unlimited.

11. BRIEFS:

As requested by the Court.

12. ORDER OF OPENING AND CLOSING:

Usual.

13. ANY OTHER MATTERS AGREED UPON:

None.

- 14. TRIALCOUNSEL: Raymond R. Trombadore, Esq.
- 15. ESTIMATED LENGTH OF TRIAL: 10 days.

16. WEEKLY CALL OR TRIAL DATE:

17. ATTORNEYS FOR PARTIES CONFERRED ON MATTERS THEN AGREED UPON: 19

18. IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT ALL PRETRIAL DISCOVERY HAS BEEN COMPLETED, except Discovery to continue up to 10 days prior to trial.

19. PARTIES WHO HAVE NOT BEEN SERVED: None.

PARTIES WHO HAVE DEFAULTED: None.

RAYMOND R. & ANN W. TROMBADORE A Professional Corporation Attorneys for Timber Properties

By.L

RAYMOND R. TROMBADORE A Member of the Firm

Dated:

October 18, 19 83 ·

PRETRIAL MEMORANDUM OF TIMBER PROPERTIES

7. ISSUES AND EVIDENCE PROBLEMS: Exclusionary zoning; violation of dictates of Municipal Land Use Act; unreasonable, arbitrary and capricious denial of request for rezoning of land; unlawful exercise of police power; unlawful taking of property; arbitrary and unreasonable limitation on sewage treatment facilities; illegal agreement to limit the availability of sewage treatment as an unlawful means of growth control in the community; validity of amended zoning ordinance; validity on limitation placed upon effective date of amended zoning ordinance; determination of "region;" determination of "fair share;" builder's remedy; obligation of Township to provide subsidy for low-income and leastcost housing; obligation of Sewerage Authority to provide sewer service without cost to subsidize low-income and least-cost housing.

PRETRIAL MEMORANDUM OF TIMBER PROPERTIES

3-4. FACTUAL AND LEGAL CONTENTIONS:

The plaintiff Timber Properties, a New Jersey Corporation, is the contract purchaser and equitable owner of approximately 68 acres of facant land in Warren Township. The property is located on Mountain View Boulevard and in an area which is presently zoned for residential use. Immediately North of the property and slightly to the West of the property there is being constructed an office complex for Chubb and Sons, Inc. Warren Township is a rural community and a developing community comprised largely of open space. Warren Township is in a growth area as that term is used in Mount Laurel II. Until December of 1982, no provision was made under the Land Use Regulations of Warren Township for other than single-family houses on large lots. In December of 1982 Warren Township, following the institution of this suit, rezoned limited portions of the Township to permit the construction of Planned Residential Developments in limited numbers Said ordinance did not take effect beand in limited density. cause by its terms it provided that it would take effect only upon approval of its terms by the trial court which mandated rezoning in the AMG v. Warren Township suit. The present zoning ordinance does not meet the standards of the decision of the Supreme Court of New Jersey in the Mount Laurel Case, South Burlington County N.A.A.C.P. v. Township of Mount Laurel, 67 N.J. 151 (1975), nor does it meet the dictates of the Supreme Court of New Jersey in South Burlington County N.A.A.C.P. v. Township of Mount Laurel, 92 N.J. 158 (1983) (Mount Laurel II). The Township has had numerous requests for either variance or rezoning of property to permit either multi-family housing, small lot housing or planned residential development. All of these have been rejected by the Township. The present zoning, likewise, violates the spirit and intent and specific requirements of the Municipal Land Use Act, N.J.S. 40:55D-1, et seq. Adjoining communities have been required by court decisions to rezone to permit appropriate development of housing and such development is occuring in the adjoining The present zoning of the plaintiff's land would communities. require a minimum lot area for a single-family residence of 50,000 square feet. This lot area requirement of the zoning ordinance bears no relationship to a reasonable exercise of the police power and is arbitrary, capricious and unreasonable. It is especially unreasonable in light of the fact that the defendant Township has rezoned substantial portions of land in the area of the plaintiff's land for intense office use. The present development of the site of Chubb and Sons, Inc. involves the construction of a major headquarters office facility almost directly opposite the land of the plaintiff. The traffic which will be generated by that development renders the present zoning of the plaintiff's lands arbitrary and unreasonable and constitutes an inverse condemnation of the property without just compensation. In December,

1980 the plaintiff submitted a request to the defendant Township for rezoning of its lands in said Township to permit the development of said lands for townhouses at a density of approximately 3.7 units per acre. The governing body of the defendant Township referred said request to its Planning Board and a hearing was cnducted before the Planning Board at which time the plaintiff submitted evidence clearly establishing the feasibility of the development of the plaintiff's lands for townhouses at the density proposed. Notwithstanding that evidence, which was uncontradicted, the Planning Board arbitrarily and unreasonably refused to recommend to the Township Committee the rezoning of the plaintiff's lands. In addition, the plaintiff has asked the Warren Township Sewerage Authority to provide adequate sewage treatment for the sewage which would be generated by the development of the plaintiff's lands. The Sewerage Authority arbitrarily limited the capacity of treatment available to the plaintiff to the gallonage which would be generated by the development of the plaintiff's lands under the present zoning. In effect, the Sewerage Authority arbitrarily and capriciously refused to design its treatment plant, which is about to be constructed, so that it would have adequate capacity to handle all of the gallonage which would be generated from the plaintiff's lands if the plaintiff were granted permission to develop its land for townhouses. The refusal of the defendant Warren Township Sewerage Authority to provide adequate sewage treatment capacity to the plaintiff was based upon an illegal agreement between the Sewerage Authority and the defendant Township of Warren which limits the capacity required to service said lands pursuant to present zoning limitation existing upon the lands. Plaintiff seeks a judgment from this Court ordering the Township of Warren to rezone its lands to permit townhouse development of the lands and ordering the Sewerage Authority of Warren Township to provide adequate facilities to treat the sewage which would be generated from the plaintiff's lands.

This plaintiff also seeks a determination of the Court as to the validity and effectiveness of the rezoning ordained by the Township of Warren in December of 1982. Because of the decision of the New Jersey Supreme Court in Mount Laurel II, supra. the plaintiff requires the guidance and the direction of this Court in determining a proper course of action to be taken in the further development of its plans for the construction of housing on lands which it has contracted to purchase. It is the contention of the plaintiff that the Township of Warren has an obligation to assist in meeting the demands of the Supreme Court for providing both low-income and least-cost housing in the Township of Warren. The plaintiff contends that the Township of Warren can discharge this responsibility in part by providing infrastructure in and around the lands of the plaintiff which would permit the plaintiff to meet any Mount Laurel II obligation which might be imposed upon it by this Court. Specifically, the plaintiff contends that the Sewerage Authority has an obligation

under Mount Laurel II to provide sewage capacity without sewage tie-in fees. By requiring the Sewerage Authority to allocate gallonage to this plaintiff without tie-in fees, this plaintiff would then be in a position to provide like subsidies for the construction of low-income and least-cost housing. The plaintiff will demonstrate at trial that the Sewerage Authority does have adequate capacity for this purpose which it is holding in reserve for non-residential uses which are not presently demanding said The plaintiff further contends that the limitations capacity. placed upon the rezoning which was adopted in December of 1982 with respect to the plaintiff's lands are likewise illegal. The ordinance as adopted and as now held in abeyance would rezone only a portion of the plaintiff's lands. This plaintiff contends that the limitations in terms of the boundary of the zone were arbitrary and unreasonable and that the zone should be expanded to include all of the plaintiff's contiguous lands.