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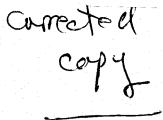
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WARREN TOWNSHIP HOUSING STUDY SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYSIS



TOWNSHIP OF WARREN by E. EUGENE OROSS ASSOCIATES PROFESSIONAL PLANNING, ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

Prepared for the

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LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

DECEMBER 1983

INTRODUCTION

Warren Township is located in the northeast corner of Somerset County. In 1982, Judge Meredith of the Somerset County Superior Court ruled that the Township's Zoning Ordinance must be revised to provide for housing affordable to low and moderate income households. This decision was, of course, rendered prior to the now much publicized New Jersey Supreme Court Mt. Laurel II decision.

A report was prepared detailing the projected housing obligation for low and moderate income households for Warren Township in November of 1983. The report has been filed with the Court, Township Committee and Planning Board of Warren Township. The report was formulated based upon the concept of a housing region being a direct function of work-commute travel patterns.

Subsequent to preparation of the above cited report, other studies and reports have been published. Studies of particular relevance to the issues associated with the AMG-Skytop Inc. and others vs. Warren Township case are the following:

- a. Fair Share Allocation report prepared for Honorable Eugene D.
 Serpentelli, J.S.C. by Carla L. Lerman dated November 1983
 (35 pages plus appendix).
- Mt. Laurel II report prepared by The Rutgers University
 Center for Urban Policy Research (429 pages).

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c. Mahwah Township Fair Share Housing Report prepared for: Honorable Harvey Smith J.S.C. by Clarke and Caton dated July 1983.

In context with the above reports, further analysis of the Warren Township housing obligation has been made. The following analysis and comment is provided as a prospective and supplemental study.

The purpose of this supplemental study is not to void prior submission. There can be no issue of the direct relationships of a substantial proportion of the Mt. Laurel housing obligation to job opportunities, when one considers the suburban and urban growth pattern of New Jersey in geographic relationship to the metropolitan job centers of New York and Philadelphia. The validity of this concept is self-evident.

WARREN TOWNSHIP HOUSING OBLIGATION ANALYSIS-COMPARISON TO FAIR SHARE ALLOCATION REPORT BY CARLA L. LERMAN, NOVEMBER 1983

The housing region set forth within the Fair Share Allocation Report prepared by Carla L. Lerman places Warren Township in the "south metro" region. That region consists of six counties. The Lerman report sets forth a formula for determination of the existing and prospective housing need for all municipalities located within the region as established by the above cited report. The formula for determination of housing need is based upon the reallocation of existing physical need from the Newark and Hudson County core area to the entire region as well as the housing need generated from employment, ratables and land area of the municipality. The rationale for the formula is set forth and is on file with the court.

CALCULATION OF WARREN TOWNSHIP EXISTING AND PROSPECTIVE HOUSING NEED BASED UPON LERMAN FORMULA

The formula set forth in the Lerman report for existing housing need contained forth in pgs. 22-35 of the report. Submitted hereafter is a calculation for Warren Township utilizing precisely the same methodology as set forth in that report.

Table I

Warren Township Existing and Prospective Housing Obligation Calculated in accordance with Lerman formula

Present obligation (Lerman formula)

1980 total occupied housing units	2999
Present deficiencies	25 units
Share of excess deficiencies from core area	146
Total present obligation	171

Source: U.S. Census of Housing and Carla Lerman Report 11/83.

Calculations: E. Eugene Oross Associates

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Prospective obligation (Lerman formula)

Percent of	Percent of	Percent of		Percent of	
South Metro	South Metro	South Metro	•	South Metro	
increase in +	increase in +	Vacant Devel.	. 3	= Prospective	Need
covered	comm/indust.	"Growth" Area			
employ.	ratables				

Source: Lerman Report pp. 27.

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 $\frac{.87\% \& .44\% + .35\%}{3} = .55\%$

.55% x 57,100 = 314 units (prospective ten year housing obligation)

Total fair share obligation equals 485 units.

Calculations: E. Eugene Oross Associates

Table I shows the total fair share obligation for Warren Township calculated in accordance with the concepts and formulas set forth in the Lerman report referenced herein. Utilizing that formula results in a total fair share obligation of less than calculated under the formula and concepts set forth in prior report by this consultant. WARREN TOWNSHIP FAIR SHARE HOUSING OBLIGATION-COMPARISON TO MT. LAUREL II REPORT BY CENTER FOR URBAN POLICY RESEARCH DATED DECEMBER 1983

The Rutgers University Center for Urban Policy Research prepared the above cited report. This report contains the definition of Mt. Laurel housing region, existing and prospective housing need.

Warren Township is located within the West-Central region as established by the above cited report. This region consists of Hunterdon, Middlesex, Somerset and Warren counties.

The Rutgers Mt. Laurel II study also sets forth definitions of existing housing need as well as prospective housing need. These definitions are contained on page 91 of that report and are included within the appendix of this report.

The Rutgers Mt. Laurel II study estimates the existing and prospective housing need for each region. The study does not provide a calculation of existing and prospective need for individual municipalities.

This consultant has applied the Lerman report formula for determination of existing and prospective housing need to the data base for the West-Central Region developed under the Mt. Laurel II study by Rutgers. Applying the Lerman formula results in a total (existing and prospective) housing obligation of 227 dwelling units for the next ten year period.

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WARREN TOWNSHIP FAIR SHARE HOUSING OBLIGATION-COMPARISON TO CLARKE AND CATON REPORT

A report prepared by Mr. Caton has been reviewed and thereafter a housing obligation computed for Warren Township has been prepared. The above cited report was submitted to the Honorable Stephen Skillman J.S.C. by the New Jersey Department of Public Advocate on October 28, 1983. This same report was accepted by the Honorable Judge Smith in his decision pertaining to the Urban League of Essex County vs. Township of Mahwah.

The calculated housing obligation utilizing the Caton formula results in a total obligation to Warren Township of approximately 125 to 150 units more than calculated by Oross Associates.

APPENDIX

Item 1 - Pgs. 91, 279, 285, 316

Source: Mount Laurel II Report: <u>Challenge and Delivery of Low</u> <u>Cost Housing</u>; Center For Urban Policy Research; 1983.

Item 2 - Maps:

- 1. Lerman South Metro region.
- 2. Rutgers West Central region.
- 3. Caton region.

supply projections which include some oversupply for non-Mount Laurel income groups will further reduce pressure from the market as more luxurious housing is passed down to lower income groups.

Finally, at the other end of the high rent-to-income scale, are very small one and two person families living as subfamilies which are a part of the aggregate Mount Laurel income-constrained population. Their incomes are so low that they make any rent-to-income ratio extremely high. In terms of the future ability to house these families, even filtering and rehabilitation might be beyond their means and they might best remain as subfamilies in private house-sharing relationships. This is a segment of the population whose support would require massive subsidization from general revenues and thus is outside the purview of this study.

THE DEFINITION OF PRESENT AND PROSPECTIVE HOUSING NEED

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The foregoing discussion considered the conceptual origins of defining an underhoused population and related this to the statements and concerns of the Court. As such we define present or existing^{*} Mount Laurel housing need as: income-constrained Mount Laurel households occupying deficient housing.

Housing market regions have been defined which minimize existing journey-to-work as over 88 percent of households who work in a region also live there. Current Mount Laurel purely income-constrained households that are in the labor force and commute within the region do so in less time than the New Jersey population at large. Those who commute out of and live inside the region are balanced by those who live outside and commute in. As their income and rental profiles are relatively similar, if those who commute outside chose to live inside, theoretically there is housing space at a price to accommodate them.

Prospective Mount Laurel housing need is defined as income-constrained households of the future. These are households which, since 1980, are formed due to natural increase in or migration to their defined housing region. This need reflects not deteriorated housing as of 1980 but rather low and moderate income households which will require housing due to population shifts and family growth subsequent to 1980. This need is projected for twenty years into the future using aggregate population projections of the New Jersey Department of Labor. They account for both low- and moder-

^{*}Indigenous need is a geographic rather than temporal term which reflects housing need created by situations occurring within the specific geographic location. The term "indigenous" literally means "occurring naturally in an area - not introduced." Indigenous need as used by the Court is a term which relates to a municipality and allocation and as such does not appear elsewhere in this report. It is a term which in addition to subregional versus regional applicability, is particularly difficult to isolate due to the nature of both present and prospective need data bases.

EXHIBIT 5-13

UNANSWERED MOUNT LAUREL PRESENT HOUSING DEMAND 1980-1990 WEST CENTRAL REGION

	()	MODERATE INCOME 50-80% of Median)		•		LOW INCOME (Below 50% of Median)			
	1-2 Person	3-4 Person	5 or more Persons		1-2 Person	3-4 Person	5 or more Persons	Total	
Housed	20	90	40		0	20	20	190	
Not Housed	700	370	400		1,560	640	400	4,070	
Total	720	460	440		1,560	660	420	4,260	

REQUIRED HOUSING FOR THOSE NOT HOUSED

Unit Size	2-3 Room	4-5 Room	6	or more Rooms		2-3 Room	4-5 Room	6 or more Rooms	Total
Number of Units	700	370		400		1,560	640	400	4,070
Rent (1983 Dollars)								
90th Percentile	420	540		580		250	315	380	
Median	340	470		520		190	240	260	
10th Percentile	275	350		425		120	150	170	

Source: Rutgers University, Center for Urban Policy Research, Winter 1983.

EXHIBIT 5-19

UNANSWERED MOUNT LAUREL PROSPECTIVE HOUSING DEMAND 1980-1990 WEST CENTRAL REGION

		MODERATE INC (50-80% Medi			LOW INCOME (Below 50% of Median)			
	1-2 Person	3-4 Person	5 or more Persons	1-2 Person	3-4 Person	5 or more Persons	Total	
Housed	569	811	278	8	46	7	1,719	
Not Housed	4,271	1,962	882	9,638	2.683	847	20,283	
Total	4,840	2,773	1,160	9,646	2,729	854	22,002	

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REQUIRED HOUSING FOR THOSE NOT HOUSED

Unit Size	2-3 Room	4-5 Room	6 or more Rooms	2-3 Room	4-5 Room	6 or more Rooms	Total
Number of Units	4,271	1,962	882	9,638	2,683	847	20,283
Rent (1983 Dollars) 90th Percentile Median 10th Percentile	435 350 280	555 460 365	610 520 420	270 190 125	330 265 170	390 280 180	

Source: Rutgers University, Center for Urban Policy Research, Winter 1983.

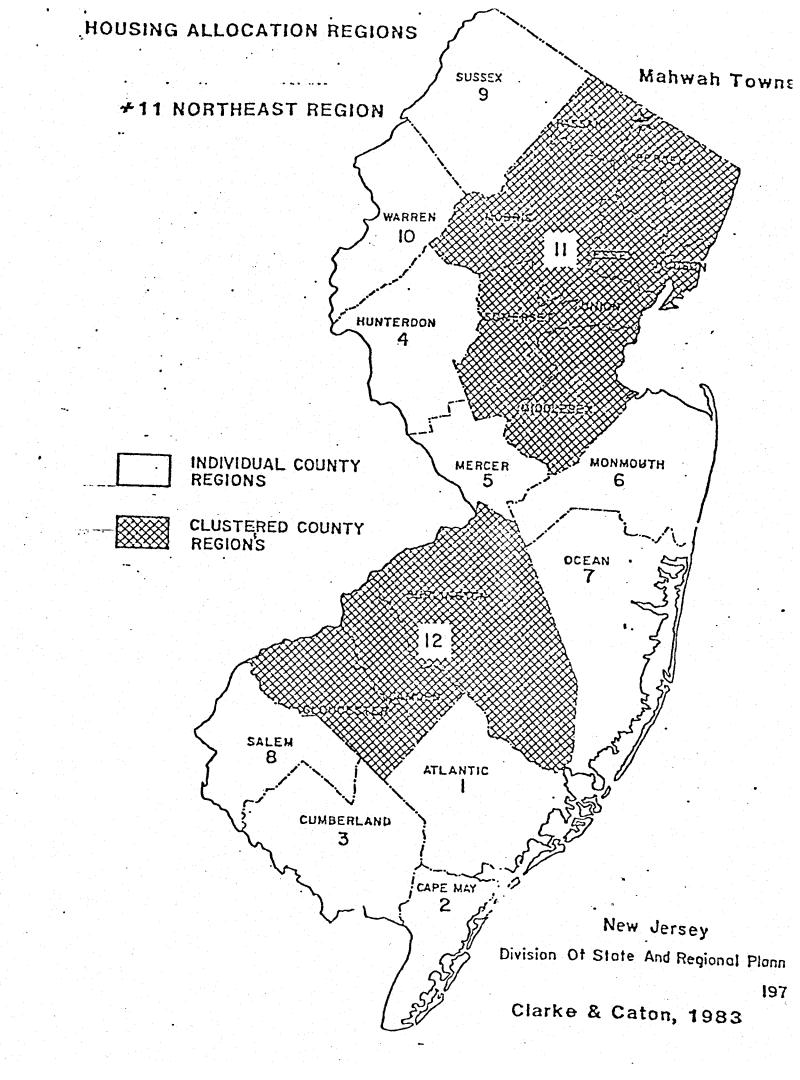
EXHIBIT 5A-3

"NOT HOUSED" BY CONVENTIONAL SOURCES OF SUPPLY - 1980 to 2000 SOUTHWEST SOUTH-SOUTHWEST NORTHEAST NORTHWEST WEST CENTRAL EAST CENTRAL STATEWIDE REGION 1 **REGION 2 REGION 3 REGION** 4 REGION 5 REGION 6 (All Re-Monmouth Burlington Atlantic Bergen Essex Hunterdon Middlesex Camden Cape May gion Hudson Morris Ocean Cumberland Total) Gloucester Passaic Sussex Somerset Union Salem Warren Mercer. Present Demand "Not Housed" (Housing Deficient-Income-Constrained) 1980 Demand 99.166 40,204 12,366 "Not Housed' 26,551 8,091 4,781 7,173 50-80% 22,339 980 3.036 7.646 5.654 2.890 2.133 <50% 3.801 9,330 76,827 32,558 20,897 5,201 5.040 Prospective Demand "Not Housed" (Purely Income-Constrained) 1980-1990 Demand 118,561 5,223 20,283 "Not Housed' 4.874 40,679 30,945 16,557 50-80% 7,115 9,651 40.864 726 1,954 15,582 5,836 <50% 77,697 4,148 3,269 13,168 25,097 21,294 10,721 1990-2000 Demand 81,619 34,988 "Not Housed" NA* 1,029 11,037 21.776 12,789 50-80% 26,969 2,921 13,227 6,296 4,307 NA* 218 54,650 21,761 8,482 <50% NA* 811 15,480 8,116

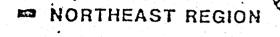
PRESENT AND PROSPECTIVE MOUNT LAUREL HOUSING DEMAND

* Net household loss in this region for this time period.

Source: Rutgers University, Center for Urban Policy Research Projections, Winter 1983.



STATE DEVELOPMENT GUIDE PLAN CONCEPT MAP



GROWTH AREA

LIMITED GROWTH AREA

AGRICULTURE AREA

22 CONSERVATION AREA

III PINELANDS PROTECTION AREA

PINELANDS PRESERVATION AREAURBAN AID MUNICIPALITY

COASTAL ZONE REGIONAL TYPES HIGH GROWTH HODERATE GROWTH LOW GROWTH BARRIER ISLAND



COUNTY LEY MAP

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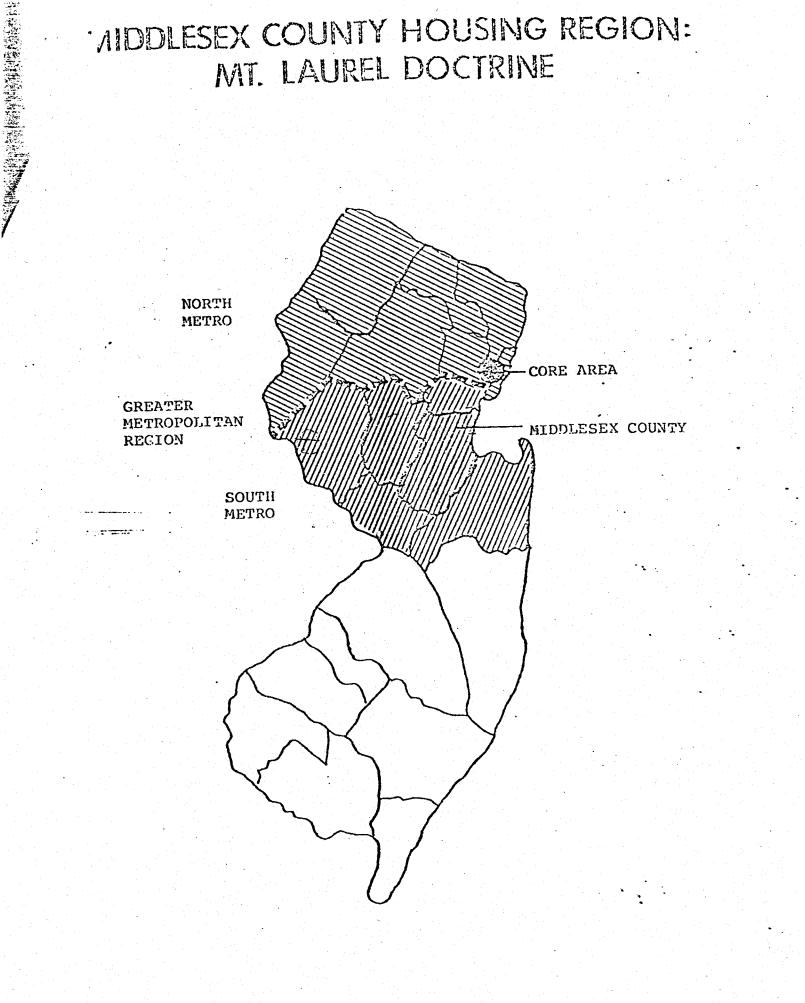
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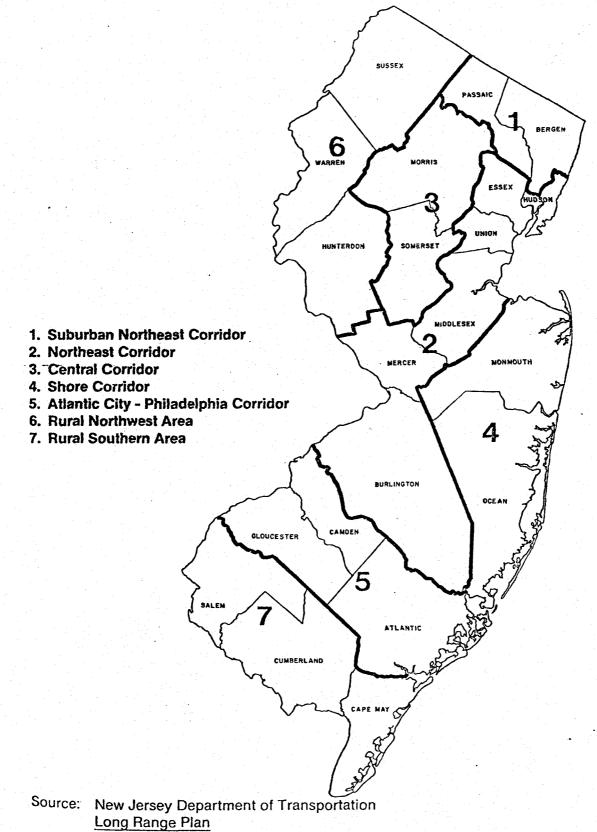
· AIDDLESEX COUNTY HOUSING REGION: MT. LAUREL DOCTRINE



CARLA L. LERMAN

EXHIBIT 1A-2

TRANSPORTATION REGIONS IN NEW JERSEY NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION STUDY COMMISSION



(Surface Passenger Transportation Element) Trenton, N.J., NJDOT, 1982