CHAPTER 330

AN ACT concerning penalties for damaging property and for certain other violations committed on lands administered by the Department of Environmental Protection or the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, and amending P.L.1983, c.324, P.L.1954, c.38, and R.S.32:14-20.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 23 of P.L.1983, c.324 (C.13:1L-23) is amended to read as follows:

C.13:1L-23 Injunctive relief; penalties.

- 23. a. If a person violates any provision of P.L.1983, c.324 (C.13:1L-1 et seq.), or any rule, regulation, or order adopted or issued pursuant thereto, the department may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent the violation and the court may proceed in a summary manner.
- A person who knowingly violates, or who solicits or employs any other person to violate, the provisions of subsection a. of section 10 of P.L.1983, c.324 (C.13:1L-10) shall be subject to the following penalties: a fine of not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,500 for the first offense; a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$3,000 for the second offense; and a fine of not less than \$3,000 nor more than \$5,000 for any subsequent offense. Penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding. Any vessel, vehicle or equipment used in the commission of the violation shall be subject to confiscation and forfeiture to the State, if warranted, as determined by the courts. Further, in addition to any penalty provided pursuant to subsection a. of this section, restitution and damages may be ordered to compensate the State for the cost of remediating any violation of this section and for the value of any lost, damaged, or destroyed archaeological findings. All fines, restitution payments, and damages collected shall be remitted to the department to be used for the preservation, remediation or protection of State archaeological sites. Any archaeological findings obtained as a result of a violation of this section shall be subject to confiscation, forfeiture, and return to the State and, upon recovery, shall be deposited with the New Jersey State Museum.
- c. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, examination or retrieval of artifacts, or scientific research, conducted by a State department, agency, commission, authority or corporation otherwise required or permitted by federal or State law are exempt from the provisions of this section.
- d. A person who violates any provision of P.L.1983, c.324 (C.13:1L-1 et seq.), or any rule, regulation, or order adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,500, plus restitution if applicable, for each offense, except as otherwise provided under subsection b. of this section, to be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) or in any case before a court of competent jurisdiction wherein injunctive relief has been requested. The Superior Court and municipal courts shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine violations of P.L.1983, c.324 (C.13:1L-1 et seq.). If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. If the violation results in pecuniary gain to the violator, or the violator willfully or wantonly causes injury or damage to property, including but not limited to natural resources, the violator shall be liable to an additional civil penalty equal to three times the value of the pecuniary gain or injury or damage to property.
- e. Penalties assessed pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalties that may be applicable pursuant to law.
 - 2. Section 1 of P.L.1954, c.38 (C.23:7-9) is amended to read as follows:
- C.23:7-9 Actions forbidden on property under State control; penalty.
- 1. a. With respect to or on property under the control of the Division of Fish and Wildlife, no person may:
 - (1) remove or disturb any vegetation, soil, water, minerals, or other property of the State;
 - (2) litter, dump, or discard refuse of any kind;

- (3) cause injury or damage to any equipment, structure, building, or other property; or
- (4) use such property contrary to rules or regulations established by the division.
- b. (1) If a person violates any provision of subsection a. of this section, the division may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent the violation and the court may proceed in a summary manner.
- (2) (a) A person who violates any provision of subsection a. of this section shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,500, plus restitution if applicable, for each offense, to be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) or in any case before a court of competent jurisdiction wherein injunctive relief has been requested. The Superior Court and municipal courts shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine violations of subsection a. of this section. If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. If the violation results in pecuniary gain to the violator, or the violator willfully or wantonly causes injury or damage to property, including but not limited to natural resources, the violator shall be liable to an additional civil penalty equal to three times the value of the pecuniary gain or injury or damage to property.
- (b) In addition, for each subsequent violation, all license certificates required, and all privileges, to take or possess wildlife shall be suspended for a period of five years. A license certificate or privilege suspended pursuant to this subparagraph shall not be reinstated until the holder thereof has first completed, to the satisfaction of the Division of Fish and Wildlife, the approved remedial sportsmen education program established and conducted by the division pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:3-22.3).
- (3) Penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalties that may be applicable pursuant to law.

3. R.S.32:14-20 is amended to read as follows:

Operation and use of facilities of park; licenses, privileges or franchises; rules and regulations; violations.

- 32:14-20. a. (1) Palisades Interstate Park Commission may erect and operate elevators and escalators at such places in the park as it may deem necessary or expedient. The commission may provide and operate or provide by lease, charter, concession, exclusive or nonexclusive privilege, or otherwise, for the operation of such other facilities, including hotels, restaurants, stands, booths, amusements, docks, wharves, and any and all means of transportation to, from or in the park, for the use and enjoyment of the park by the public and for increasing the accessibility thereof to the public as it may deem to be necessary or expedient. The commission may also provide at its discretion, by proper rules or regulations, the terms upon and the manner in which those facilities may be used. The commission shall not issue or consent to licenses, privileges, or franchises to individuals or corporations for the operation for private profit of any facility, utility, or device within the portions of the park in this State, except upon terms which will limit the operation of those licenses, franchises, or privileges to a period not exceeding 20 years in any event.
- (2) No such license, privilege, or franchise shall be authorized or awarded except after proper advertisement and to the responsible person who will, in open competition, offer to pay to the commission the highest return therefor.
- (3) All proceeds derived from the operation of those facilities or from any of the operations of the commission in this State shall be used by the commission for the development and management of the portions of the park in this State.
- b. (1) The commission shall have power to make, alter, amend, and repeal rules and regulations for the use and government of the park as located within the limits of the State of New Jersey, and of those parts of the State, county, and other public highways as lie within the boundaries of those portions of the park and of all lands, parks, and parkways in this State under the jurisdiction of the commission. No rule or regulation made by the commission relating to traffic on the roads under the jurisdiction of the commission in the State of New Jersey shall require the approval of any other commission or of any board, nor the holding of a public hearing

in connection with the adoption of the rule or regulation. No rule or regulation heretofore made by the commission relating to traffic shall be deemed to have required the approval of any other commission or board, or the holding of any public hearing in connection with the adoption of the rule or regulation.

- c. (1) If a person violates any rule or regulation adopted or issued by the commission pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the commission may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent the violation and the court may proceed in a summary manner.
- (2) (a) A person who violates any rule or regulation adopted or issued by the commission pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be guilty of a petty disorderly persons offense.
- (b) In addition, a person who violates any rule or regulation adopted or issued by the commission pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,500, plus restitution if applicable, for each offense, to be collected in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.) or in any case before a court of competent jurisdiction wherein injunctive relief has been requested. The Superior Court and municipal courts shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine violations of subsection a. of this section. If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. If the violation results in pecuniary gain to the violator, or the violator willfully or wantonly causes injury or damage to property, including but not limited to natural resources, the violator shall be liable to an additional civil penalty equal to three times the value of the pecuniary gain or injury or damage to property.
- (c) Penalties assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalties that may be applicable pursuant to law.
 - 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved January 12, 2006.