CHAPTER 23

AN ACT providing for continued operation of casinos and racetracks in the event that a state of emergency is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed in the New Jersey Constitution, and amending and supplementing P.L.1977, c.110 and supplementing chapter 5 of Title 5 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 63 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-63) is amended to read as follows:

C.5:12-63. Duties of the commission.

63. Duties of the Commission. The Casino Control Commission shall have general responsibility for the implementation of this act, as hereinafter provided, including, without limitation, the responsibility:

a. To hear and decide promptly and in reasonable order all license, registration, certificate, and permit applications and causes affecting the granting, suspension, revocation, or renewal thereof;

b. To conduct all hearings pertaining to civil violations of this act or regulations promulgated hereunder;

c. To promulgate such regulations as in its judgment may be necessary to fulfill the policies of this act;

d. To collect all license and registration fees and taxes imposed by this act and the regulations issued pursuant hereto;

e. To levy and collect penalties for the violation of provisions of this act and the regulations promulgated hereunder;

f. To be present through its inspectors and agents at all times, except as provided by section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), during the operation of any casino or simulcasting facility for the purpose of certifying the revenue thereof, receiving complaints from the public relating to the conduct of gaming and simulcast wagering operations, examining records of revenues and procedures, and conducting periodic reviews of operations and facilities for the purpose of evaluating current or suggested provisions of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.) and the regulations promulgated thereunder;

g. To refer to the division for investigation and prosecution any evidence of a violation of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.) or the regulations promulgated thereunder;

h. To review and rule upon any complaint by a casino licensee regarding any investigative procedures of the division which are unnecessarily disruptive of casino or simulcasting facility operations. The need to inspect and investigate shall be presumed at all times. The disruption of a licensee's operations shall be proved by clear and convincing evidence, which evidence shall establish that: (1) the procedures had no reasonable law enforcement purpose, and (2) the procedures were so disruptive as to inhibit unreasonably casino or simulcasting facility operations; and

i. To ensure that there is no duplication of duties and responsibilities between it and the division.

2. Section 99 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-99) is amended to read as follows:

C.5:12-99 Internal controls.

99. Internal Controls.

a. Each applicant for a casino license shall submit to the commission a description of its initial system of internal procedures and administrative and accounting controls for gaming and simulcast wagering operations accompanied by a certification by its Chief Legal Officer or equivalent that the submitted procedures conform to the requirements of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and a certification by its Chief Financial Officer or equivalent that the submitted procedures provide adequate and effective controls, establish a consistent overall system of internal procedures and administrative and accounting controls and conform to generally accepted accounting principles. Each applicant shall make its initial submission at least 30 days before such operations are to commence unless otherwise directed by the commission. Except as otherwise provided in subsection b. of this section, a casino licensee, upon submission to the commission of a narrative description of a change in its system of internal procedures and controls and the two certifications described above, may, following the 15th day after submission, implement the change. Each initial internal control submission shall contain a narrative description of the internal control system to be utilized by the casino, including, but not limited to:

(1) Accounting controls, including the standardization of forms and definition of terms to be utilized in the gaming and simulcast wagering operations;

(2) Procedures, forms, and, where appropriate, formulas covering the calculation of hold percentages; revenue drop; expense and overhead schedules; complimentary services, except as provided in paragraph (3) of subsection m. of section 102 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-102); junkets; and cash equivalent transactions;

(3) Job descriptions and the system of personnel and chain-of-command, establishing a diversity of responsibility among employees engaged in casino or simulcasting facility operations and identifying primary and secondary supervisory positions for areas of responsibility, which areas shall not be so extensive as to be impractical for an individual to monitor; salary structure; and personnel practices;

(4) Procedures within the cashier's cage and simulcast facility for the receipt, storage and disbursal of chips, cash, and other cash equivalents used in gaming and simulcast wagering; the cashing of checks; the redemption of chips and other cash equivalents used in gaming and simulcast wagering; the pay-off of jackpots and simulcast wagers; and the recording of transactions pertaining to gaming and simulcast wagering operations;

(5) Procedures for the collection and security of moneys at the gaming tables and in the simulcasting facility;

(6) Procedures for the transfer and recordation of chips between the gaming tables and the cashier's cage and the transfer and recordation of moneys within the simulcasting facility;

(7) Procedures for the transfer of moneys from the gaming tables to the counting process and the transfer of moneys within the simulcasting facility for the counting process;

(8) Procedures and security for the counting and recordation of revenue;

(9) Procedures for the security, storage and recordation of cash, chips and other cash equivalents utilized in the gaming and simulcast wagering operations;

(10) Procedures for the transfer of moneys or chips from and to the slot machines;

(11) Procedures and standards for the opening and security of slot machines;

(12) Procedures for the payment and recordation of slot machine jackpots;

(13) Procedures for the cashing and recordation of checks exchanged by casino and simulcasting facility patrons;

(14) Procedures governing the utilization of the private security force within the casino and simulcasting facility;

(15) Procedures and security standards for the handling and storage of gaming apparatus including cards, dice, machines, wheels and all other gaming equipment;

(16) Procedures and rules governing the conduct of particular games and simulcast wagering and the responsibility of casino personnel in respect thereto;

(17) Procedures for separately recording all transactions pursuant to section 101 of this act involving the Governor, any State officer or employee, or any special State officer or employee, any member of the Judiciary, any member of the Legislature, any officer of a municipality or county in which casino gaming is authorized, or any gaming related casino employee, and for the quarterly filing with the Attorney General of a list reporting all such transactions; and

(18) Procedures for the orderly shutdown of casino operations in the event that a state of emergency that is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed by Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 2 of the New Jersey Constitution extends for more than seven days, as provided in section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), or the casino licensee is not eligible to conduct casino operations during such a state of emergency in accordance with section 5 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-212), which procedures shall include, without limitation, the securing of all keys and gaming assets.

b. The commission shall review a submission made pursuant to subsection a. to determine whether it conforms to the requirements of this act and to the regulations promulgated thereunder and provides adequate and effective controls for the operations of the particular casino hotel submitting it. If during its review, the commission preliminarily determines that a procedure in the submission contains a substantial and material insufficiency likely to have a direct and materially adverse impact on the integrity of gaming or simulcast wagering operations or the control of gross revenue, the chairman, by written notice to the casino licensee, shall: (1) specify the precise nature of the insufficiency and, when possible, an acceptable alternative procedure, (2) schedule a hearing before the full commission no later than 15 days after the date of such written notice to plenarily and finally determine whether the procedure in question contains the described insufficiency, and (3) direct that the internal controls in issue not yet implemented not be implemented until approved by the commission. Upon receipt of the notice, the casino licensee shall proceed to the scheduled hearing before the full commission and may submit a revised procedure addressing the concerns specified in the notice.

c. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and b. hereof, the commission shall, by regulation, permit changes to those internal controls required by subsection a. hereof that cannot have a material impact upon the integrity of gaming or simulcast wagering operations or the control and reporting of gross revenue, including those internal controls described in paragraph (3) of subsection a. hereof, to be implemented by a casino licensee immediately upon the preparation and internal filing of such internal controls.

d. Each casino licensee and applicant shall submit a narrative description of its system of internal procedures and administrative and accounting controls for the recording and reporting of all business transactions and agreements governed by sections 92 and 104 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-92 and 5:12-104, as amended) no later than five days after those operations commence or after any change in those procedures or controls takes effect.

3. Section 100 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-100) is amended to read as follows:

C.5:12-100 Games and gaming equipment.

100. a. This act shall not be construed to permit any gaming except the conduct of authorized games in a casino room in accordance with this act and the regulations

promulgated hereunder and in a simulcasting facility to the extent provided by the "Casino Simulcasting Act," P.L.1992, c.19 (C.5:12-191 et al.). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the commission approves the game of keno as an authorized game pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-5), as amended, keno tickets may be sold or redeemed in accordance with commission regulations at any location in a casino hotel approved by the commission for such activity.

b. Gaming equipment shall not be possessed, maintained or exhibited by any person on the premises of a casino hotel except in a casino room, in the simulcasting facility, or in restricted casino areas used for the inspection, repair or storage of such equipment and specifically designated for that purpose by the casino licensee with the approval of the commission. Gaming equipment which supports the conduct of gaming in a casino or simulcasting facility but does not permit or require patron access, such as computers, may be possessed and maintained by a casino licensee in restricted casino areas specifically designated for that purpose by the casino licensee with the approval of the commission. No gaming equipment shall be possessed, maintained, exhibited, brought into or removed from a casino room or simulcasting facility by any person unless such equipment is necessary to the conduct of an authorized game, has permanently affixed, imprinted, impressed or engraved thereon an identification number or symbol authorized by the commission, is under the exclusive control of a casino licensee or his employees, and is brought into or removed from the casino room or simulcasting facility following 24-hour prior notice given to an authorized agent of the commission.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, equipment which supports a multicasino progressive slot system and links and interconnects slot machines of two or more casino licensees but is inaccessible to patrons, such as computers, may, with the approval of the commission, be possessed, maintained and operated by a casino licensee either in a restricted area on the premises of a casino hotel or in a secure facility specifically designed for that purpose off the premises of a casino hotel but within the city limits of the City of Atlantic City.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a person may, with the prior approval of the commission and under such terms and conditions as may be required by the commission, possess, maintain or exhibit gaming equipment in any other area of the casino hotel; provided such equipment is used for nongaming purposes.

c. Each casino hotel shall contain a count room and such other secure facilities as may be required by the commission for the counting and storage of cash, coins, tokens and checks received in the conduct of gaming and for the inspection, counting and storage of dice, cards, chips and other representatives of value. All drop boxes and other devices wherein cash, coins, or tokens are deposited at the gaming tables or in slot machines, and all areas wherein such boxes and devices are kept while in use, shall be equipped with two locking devices, one key to which shall be under the exclusive control of the commission and the other under the exclusive control of the casino licensee, and said drop boxes and other devices shall not be brought into or removed from a casino room or simulcasting facility, or locked or unlocked, except at such times, in such places, and according to such procedures as the commission may require. In the event that a state of emergency is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed by Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 2 of the New Jersey Constitution, the commission, in accordance with section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), may, at its discretion, and as may be necessary to ensure the continuity of casino operations and the collection and counting of gross revenue, give temporary custody of its key to a certified public accountant approved by the commission, who shall act in the capacity of the commission with respect to the use, control and security

of the key in accordance with internal controls approved by the commission in accordance with section 5 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-212).

d. All chips used in gaming shall be of such size and uniform color by denomination as the commission shall require by regulation.

e. All gaming shall be conducted according to rules promulgated by the commission. All wagers and pay-offs of winning wagers shall be made according to rules promulgated by the commission, which shall establish such limitations as may be necessary to assure the vitality of casino operations and fair odds to patrons. Each slot machine shall have a minimum payout of 83%.

f. Each casino licensee shall make available in printed form to any patron upon request the complete text of the rules of the commission regarding games and the conduct of gaming, pay-offs of winning wagers, an approximation of the odds of winning for each wager, and such other advice to the player as the commission shall require. Each casino licensee shall prominently post within a casino room and simulcasting facility, as appropriate, according to regulations of the commission such information about gaming rules, pay-offs of winning wagers, the odds of winning for each wager, and such other advice to the player as the commission shall require.

g. Each gaming table shall be equipped with a sign indicating the permissible minimum and maximum wagers pertaining thereto. It shall be unlawful for a casino licensee to require any wager to be greater than the stated minimum or less than the stated maximum; provided, however, that any wager actually made by a patron and not rejected by a casino licensee prior to the commencement of play shall be treated as a valid wager.

h. (1) Except as herein provided, no slot machine shall be used to conduct gaming unless it is identical in all electrical, mechanical and other aspects to a model thereof which has been specifically tested by the division and licensed for use by the commission. The division may, in its discretion, and for the purpose of expediting the approval process, utilize the services of any testing laboratory with a plenary license as a casino service industry pursuant to subsection a. of section 92 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-92) when testing a slot machine model. The division shall, within 60 days of its receipt of a complete application for the testing of a slot machine model, recommend the approval or rejection of the slot machine model to the commission. If the division is unable to complete the testing of a slot machine model within this 60-day period, the division may recommend that the commission conditionally approve the slot machine model for test use by a casino licensee provided that the division represents that the use of the slot machine model will not have a direct and materially adverse impact on the integrity of gaming or the control of gross revenue. The division shall give priority to the testing of slot machines which a casino licensee has certified it will use in its casino in this State. The commission shall, by regulation, establish such technical standards for licensure of slot machines, including mechanical and electrical reliability, security against tampering, the comprehensibility of wagering, and noise and light levels, as it may deem necessary to protect the player from fraud or deception and to insure the integrity of gaming. The denominations of such machines shall be set by the licensee; the licensee shall simultaneously notify the commission of the settings.

(2) The commission shall, by regulation, determine the permissible number and density of slot machines in a licensed casino so as to:

- (a) promote optimum security for casino operations;
- (b) avoid deception or frequent distraction to players at gaming tables;
- (c) promote the comfort of patrons;
- (d) create and maintain a gracious playing environment in the casino; and

(e) encourage and preserve competition in casino operations by assuring that a variety of gaming opportunities is offered to the public.

Any such regulation promulgated by the commission which determines the permissible number and density of slot machines in a licensed casino shall provide that all casino floor space and all space within a casino licensee's casino simulcasting facility shall be included in any calculation of the permissible number and density of slot machines in a licensed casino.

- i. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.182).
- j. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.182).

k. It shall be unlawful for any person to exchange or redeem chips for anything whatsoever, except for currency, negotiable personal checks, negotiable counter checks, other chips, coupons or complimentary vouchers distributed by the casino licensee, or, if authorized by regulation of the commission, a valid charge to a credit or debit card account. A casino licensee shall, upon the request of any person, redeem that licensee's gaming chips surrendered by that person in any amount over \$100 with a check drawn upon the licensee's account at any banking institution in this State and made payable to that person.

l. It shall be unlawful for any casino licensee or its agents or employees to employ, contract with, or use any shill or barker to induce any person to enter a casino or simulcasting facility or play at any game or for any purpose whatsoever.

m. It shall be unlawful for a dealer in any authorized game in which cards are dealt to deal cards by hand or other than from a device specifically designed for that purpose, unless otherwise permitted by the rules of the commission.

n. It shall be unlawful for any casino key employee or any person who is required to hold a casino key employee license as a condition of employment or qualification to wager in any casino or simulcasting facility in this State, or any casino employee, other than a junket representative, bartender, waiter, waitress, or other casino employee who, in the judgment of the commission, is not directly involved with the conduct of gaming operations, to wager in a casino or simulcasting facility in the casino hotel in which the employee is employed or in any other casino or simulcasting facility in this State which is owned or operated by the same casino licensee. Any casino employee, other than a junket representative, bartender, waiter, waitress, or other casino employee who, in the judgment of the commission, is not directly involved who, in the judgment of the commission, is not directly involved with the conduct of gaming operations, must wait at least 30 days following the date that the employee either leaves employment with a casino licensee or is terminated from employment with a casino licensee before the employee may gamble in a casino or simulcasting facility in this State which is owned or operated by the same casino licensee.

o. (1) It shall be unlawful for any casino key employee or boxman, floorman, or any other casino employee who shall serve in a supervisory position to solicit or accept, and for any other casino employee to solicit, any tip or gratuity from any player or patron at the casino hotel or simulcasting facility where he is employed.

(2) A dealer may accept tips or gratuities from a patron at the table at which such dealer is conducting play, subject to the provisions of this subsection. All such tips or gratuities shall be immediately deposited in a lockbox reserved for that purpose, accounted for, and placed in a pool for distribution pro rata among the dealers, with the distribution based upon the number of hours each dealer has worked, except that the commission may permit a separate pool to be established for dealers in the game of poker, or may permit tips or gratuities to be retained by individual dealers in the game of poker.

p. Any slot system operator that offers an annuity jackpot shall secure the payment of such jackpot by establishing an annuity jackpot guarantee in accordance with the requirements of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-1 et seq.), and the rules of the commission.

C.5:12-211 Continuance of casino, simulcast operations during certain states of emergency; violations, fines.

4. In the event that a state of emergency is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed by Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 2 of the New Jersey Constitution, that prevents inspectors, agents, or other employees of the commission and the division from performing their normal duties, a casino licensee may continue to conduct casino and simulcast operations for a period not to exceed seven calendar days, notwithstanding that the inspectors, agents or other employees of the commission and the division are unable to perform their functions, provided that the casino licensee has complied with section 5 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-212), and that the casino licensee and its employees shall continue to comply with all relevant provisions of the New Jersey Constitution and all relevant State statutes and regulations and shall maintain detailed records of that compliance.

If, during any period of time that casino and simulcasting facilities remain open pursuant to the provisions of this section, the Governor determines that the holder of a casino license, or any licensed employee thereof, may be engaged in what the Governor believes to be a violation of any State statute or regulation governing the operation of those facilities that would ordinarily subject a licensee to a possible suspension or revocation of its license, the Governor shall have the authority to summarily suspend the license of that casino or employee until such time as it is rescinded by the Governor, or the state of emergency ceases and the commission or the division, as appropriate, is able to address the matter.

Any violation of a statute or regulation that would ordinarily subject a licensee to a fine, but which occurs while a facility remains open during a state of emergency pursuant to this section, which is not reported by the casino licensee in accordance with its approved internal control procedures, shall be punishable by a fine of no less than five times and up to ten times the amount of the usual fine, depending on the nature and seriousness of the violation. When the state of emergency ceases, casino licensees shall be responsible for any costs associated with re-implementing onsite State inspections.

C.5:12-212 Commission approval of internal controls prior to state of emergency.

5. In order for a casino licensee to conduct casino and simulcast operations during a state of emergency as authorized in section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), it shall obtain commission approval of internal controls prior to the state of emergency, which shall become effective only during the state of emergency, that contain, without limitation:

a. Procedures for the casino licensee and its employees to report any violation of a statute or regulation to the casino licensee's chief legal officer and audit committee executive, who shall report any such violations to the Governor immediately and to the commission and division when the state of emergency ceases.

b. Procedures for the casino licensee to engage a certified public accountant approved by the commission, which procedures shall provide sufficient safeguards to ensure that the public's interest in the integrity of casino operations is served, and shall include but not be limited to a criminal history record background check to be conducted in accordance with the authority provided under paragraph (5) of subsection b. of section 89 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-89), to perform the following functions during the state of emergency:

(1) Act in the capacity of the commission whenever the presence of an inspector, agent or employee of the commission is normally required to perform an activity including, without limitation, the collection and counting of gross revenue;

(2) Perform any other functions in accordance with instructions issued by the commission prior to the state of emergency; and

(3) Maintain a written record of all activity performed.

c. Procedures for the surveillance department of the casino licensee to record any activity that involves the participation of the certified public accountant and to provide the recordings to the commission when the state of emergency ceases.

d. Procedures for providing any evidence of tampering or cheating that occurs during the state of emergency to the certified public accountant, who shall preserve such evidence for the commission and division.

e. Procedures to ensure that a designee of the casino licensee's chief legal officer is available at all times to receive any complaint from the public relating to the conduct of casino operations. Any such patron complaint shall be forwarded to the chief legal officer, who shall promptly file it with the commission when the state of emergency ceases.

f. Procedures for withholding the payment of slot machine jackpots greater than \$75,000 during the state of emergency, which shall be posted in the casino advising patrons of the temporary jackpot payout procedures. Such procedures shall include, without limitation, issuance of a written receipt to the winning patron and withholding payment of the jackpot until the state of emergency ceases and the division has had the opportunity to inspect the slot machine on which the jackpot was won.

g. Procedures for staffing both the surveillance and casino security departments with at least one additional officer at all times during the state of emergency.

C.5:12-213 Prohibitions relative to operation during state of emergency.

6. During any period of operations authorized by section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), a casino licensee shall not:

a. Amend or seek permission to amend: (1) any submission required by section 99 of P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-99); or (2) its operation certificate.

b. Modify the configuration of its gaming floor or the gaming assets located thereon in any manner whatsoever.

c. Perform any activity that requires a pre-inspection by the commission to ensure that surveillance camera coverage is adequate.

d. Perform any modification to any casino computer system or multi-casino progressive slot system, except in the event of an emergency that, in the opinion of its chief gaming executive and the director of its Management Information Systems department, could affect the integrity of casino or simulcasting operations or the collection and certification of gross revenue.

e. Perform an adjustment to the amount on the progressive meter of any slot machine; provided, however, notwithstanding any commission regulation to the contrary, if a casino licensee reasonably believes a progressive meter is displaying an incorrect amount, it may take the progressive slot machine out of service until the state of emergency ceases.

f. Conduct any gaming tournament or other activity that requires commission approval, unless the tournament or activity has been approved by the commission prior to the commencement of the state of emergency.

C.5:12-214 Restriction of transfer of property.

7. During any period of operations authorized by section 4 of P.L.2008, c.23 (C.5:12-211), no transfer of property shall occur that would otherwise require the issuance of interim casino authorization pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1987, c.409 (C.5:12-95.12) prior to such transfer.

C.5:12-215 Calculation of certain time periods.

8. In the event a state of emergency is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed by Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 2 of the New Jersey Constitution, the duration of the state of emergency shall not be included in the calculation of the time period required by any law, rule or regulation for:

a. Action by the Casino Control Commission or the Division of Gaming Enforcement on any pending application or submission; and

b. The filing of any application or other required submission with the Casino Control Commission or the Division of Gaming Enforcement by any person.

C.5:12-216 Adoption of regulations.

9. Notwithstanding any provision of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the Casino Control Commission may adopt immediately upon filing with the Office of Administrative Law such regulations as the commission deems necessary to implement the provisions of this act, which shall be effective for a period not to exceed 270 days following enactment of P.L.2008, c.23, and may thereafter be amended, adopted, or readopted by the commission in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

C.5:5-22.3 Continuation of horse race meetings during certain states of emergency; violations, fines.

10. a. In the event that a state of emergency is declared due to the failure to enact a general appropriation law by the deadline prescribed by Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 2 of the New Jersey Constitution, that prevents employees of the New Jersey Racing Commission from performing their normal duties, a holder of a permit to conduct a horse race meeting may continue to hold scheduled races and simulcast operations for a period not to exceed seven calendar days, notwithstanding that employees of the commission are unable to perform the functions usually required for the conduct of horse racing in this State, provided that the permit holder has complied with subsection b. of this section, and that the permit holder and its employees shall continue to comply with all relevant provisions of the New Jersey Constitution and all relevant State statutes and regulations, and shall maintain detailed records of that compliance.

If, during any period of time that racetrack facilities remain open pursuant to the provisions of this section, the Governor determines that a permit holder, or any employee thereof, may be engaged in what the Governor believes to be a violation of any State statute or regulation governing the operation of those facilities and the conduct of horse racing in this State, that would ordinarily subject a permit holder or employee to a possible suspension or revocation of its permit or license, the Governor shall have the authority to summarily suspend the permit or license of that permit holder or employee until such time as it is rescinded by the Governor, or the state of emergency ceases and the commission is able to address the matter.

Any violation of a statute or regulation that would ordinarily subject a permit holder or licensee to a fine, but which occurs while a racetrack facility remains open during a state of emergency pursuant to this section, which is not reported by the permit holder or licensee in

accordance with commission rules and regulations pursuant to subsection b. of this section, shall be punishable by a fine of no less than five times and up to ten times the amount of the usual fine, depending on the nature and seriousness of the violation. When the state of emergency ceases, permit holders shall be responsible for any costs associated with implementing the provisions of this section, including any costs accrued by the commission and associated with re-implementing commission functions and duties.

b. Notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the New Jersey Racing Commission may develop, through rules and regulations, the necessary standards, criteria, safeguards, and procedures that a permit holder shall meet prior to, and as a condition of, being eligible to continue to conduct horse racing operations in this State in the event that a state of emergency is declared, as provided in subsection a. of this section, and commission employees are not able to perform their usual functions. Notwithstanding any provision of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the commission may adopt immediately upon filing with the Office of Administrative Law such rules and regulations as the commission deems necessary to implement the provisions of this section, which shall be effective for a period not to exceed 270 days following enactment of P.L.2008, c.23, and may thereafter be amended, adopted, or readopted by the commission in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

C.5:12-217 Effective date.

11. This act shall take effect immediately and shall continue in full force and effect unless superseded by constitutional amendment.

Approved June 27, 2008.